

HIRSOVA RETAKEN BY FERDINAND'S TROOPS, BUCHAREST REPORTS

Town in Dobrudja Twenty-Five Miles North of Tchernavoda Re-occupied By Roumanians; Success Follows Appointment of Gen. Sakharoff to Command in Dobrudja; Admission By Berlin

Bucharest, Nov. 9.—The war office announced to-day that Roumanian troops had re-occupied the town of Hirsova, in Dobrudja, on the Danube, 25 miles north of Tchernavoda.

Berlin, Nov. Nov. 9.—An official report issued to-day states that in Dobrudja advanced forces of Field-Marshal von Mackensen's army retired.

Hirsova lies approximately midway between the northern and southern boundaries of the province of Dobrudja, being on the Danube, which forms the western boundary of the province.

When von Mackensen was making his northward thrust in Dobrudja the Russo-Roumanian forces, having retired beyond the Tchernavoda-Constanza railway line, continued to fall back until they took up positions along a line the west end of which was on high land north of Hirsova. From that vantage point the Roumanian forces now have succeeded in retaking Hirsova.

The success comes soon after the appointment of Lieut.-Gen. Sakharoff, one of the ablest of Russia's leaders, to the command of the Russo-Roumanian armies in Dobrudja.

LITTLE CHANGE IN AMERICAN POLICY

French Writers' Prediction; Paris Deeply Interested in Election in States

Paris, Nov. 9.—The American election has been followed with the deepest interest here, the news having the place of honor in most of the morning papers. The commentators, mindful of the dramatic surprise of yesterday, when the supposedly certain Hughes victory was turned into a possible defeat, avoided committing themselves.

The greater part of the comment is similar to that of Stephen Pichon in the *Le Petit Journal*, who expresses the belief that the victory of either candidate will have little effect on American policy as far as the big questions interesting France are concerned. It also is pointed out that the present administration will remain in power, in any event, until March 4, and that many things may happen between now and then.

MUNITIONS ORDERS TILL END OF JUNE

Enough to Keep Canadian Plants Going Until Then, Board States

Ottawa, Nov. 9.—According to a statement made by the Imperial Munitions Board, the Canadian manufacturing concerns which are at work on munitions will be kept busy on the basis of present orders until June 30 next. Some orders expire on December 31, 1916, and others on March 31, 1917. Firms which make the best record in the matter of deliveries are likely to receive the biggest share of the renewal orders.

All the necessary raw materials to maintain the deliveries required have been contracted for well ahead and the board is in a good position in regard to the necessary supply of steel. No uneasiness is caused by the reported shortage in the States, because the board made large purchases of steel during the spring and summer months.

The policy adopted some time ago whereby Canadian manufacturers would supply fuses, primers, brass discs, cartridge caps and other component parts of shells, is now well established and small quantities of these supplies are being received from the United States. In the future many of these parts will be secured exclusively in Canada.

The board states that the Canadian manufacturers are doing their best to carry out the manufacture of shells with the greatest possible expedition.

ELECTION IN STATES INTERESTS BRITISH

News and Comment Crowd War Into Second Place in Papers

IN STREETS AND HOTELS SUBJECT OF DISCUSSION

London, Nov. 9.—The American election occupied leading positions in both the news and editorial columns of the London papers this morning, and the war news found itself crowded into a secondary position for the first time since the outbreak of hostilities.

The papers devoted from one to five columns to "the American election puzzle," some of the editorials stretching into nearly two columns in an endeavor to explain the whys and whereabouts of the dramatic finish of the campaign. In the streets, hotels and clubs little else but the election was discussed to-day and the bulletin boards were scanned by eager crowds in search, not of war communiques, but of the latest election news from the United States.

It is evident, as the morning papers point out, that this presidential contest has been followed with more interest in Great Britain than any since the republic was founded and that more than ever before the man in the street has made himself acquainted with the issues involved and with the personalities of the candidates.

Little Effect.

The editorials generally emphasize, as they have repeatedly during the past two months, that the election, whatever its issue, is not likely to affect to any marked degree the foreign policy of the United States or its attitude towards the war. Thus the Times, after a painstaking discussion of the views of President Wilson and Mr. Hughes on domestic politics, says: "But whatever the course of the domestic politics of the United States, and whoever her president, we trust and believe that the United States will continue to give the allies the legitimate support, moral and material, which she has afforded them throughout the war."

The Daily News says: "The election of 1916 has clothed itself with characteristics worthy of the historic times in which it has fallen. In its sustained uncertainty it has carried to a fitting climax the alternating vicissitudes of the campaign. One fact remains certain, namely, with the field shared by two candidates of honor and integrity, a president of honor and integrity necessarily will rule at the White House during the next quadrennium, as in the past quadrennium."

The Belgian government denounces to the civilized nations—among whom the American people have made itself conspicuous by its love of right and justice, its horror of oppression and its eagerness to help the unfortunate victims of war—this violation of the laws of nations and the rules of the Hague convention. It protests with all its power against the slave trade organized in Belgium in contempt of the principles of humanity and international conventions."

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BAVARIAN PRINCE DIED OF WOUNDS

Berlin, Nov. 9.—Prince Henry of Bavaria, nephew of King Louis, is reported from Munich to have died from wounds received on a reconnoitring trip on November 5. Prince Henry was 22 years old and a major in the Bavarian Guards. He was reported to have been wounded on the battlefield last June. He was unmarried.

282 OF PASSENGERS OF THE S. S. ARABIA HAVE BEEN LANDED

London, Nov. 9.—Of the 437 passengers on the P. & O. liner Arabia, which was sunk without warning in the Mediterranean by a submarine on Monday, 198 have been landed at Malta and 84 at Port Said. This was announced in an official statement given out here to-day, which adds although bad weather prevailed all the passengers and crew were transferred to the boats in 20 minutes.

Bulgarian Forces Retiring on Whole Front in Dobrudja

Bucharest, Nov. 9.—The Bulgarian forces are retreating along their whole front in the province of Dobrudja, according to a semi-official statement issued here to-day. As the Bulgarians withdraw, the statement says, they are systematically burning the Roumanian villages.

GERMANS MAKING SLAVES OF MEN OF BELGIUM; PROTEST MADE BY BELGIAN GOVERNMENT TO CIVILIZED NATIONS

Practically All Able-Bodied Men Being Deported to Unknown Destinations to Free Germans for Army; Employed Taken as Well as Unemployed; Only Cripples Left, Says Belgian Foreign Minister

Havre, Nov. 9.—Announcement that the German government is rounding up and sending to unknown destinations practically all the able-bodied men in occupied Belgium is made by Baron Beyens, the Belgian foreign minister, in a statement issued by him to-day. Baron Beyens says:

"The German government is rounding up in large numbers in the towns and villages of occupied Belgium such as Alost, Bruges, Courtrai and Mons—to name only the first places to be made victims of the measure—all men fit to bear arms, rich and poor, irrespective of class and whether employed or unemployed. Hunchbacks, cripples and one-armed men are excepted. The men are taken in thousands from their families (15,000 from Flanders alone) and are being sent God knows where. Whole trainloads have been seen going east and south.

"The German authorities seek to excuse these deportations by pretending that it is the duty of an occupying power to make, in accordance with The Hague convention, the necessary regulations to establish public order and public life. They affirm that the unemployed must not fall a charge upon public charities and that the work whereupon they are being employed has nothing to do with the war. Those who really are responsible for the stagnation and decay of industry in Belgium are, according to the German workmen who prefer to live on charity rather than on the proceeds of their labor, and Britain, which prohibited the importation of raw materials into Belgium.

Clean Sweep.

"It is necessary to answer that there would be no lack of work in Belgium if the Germans had not made a clean sweep of the raw materials, including copper and oil in the factories—as they will perhaps make a clean sweep tomorrow of all leather bellies, supplies of which now must be declared in detail; if they had not requisitioned in masses, machinery, parts of machinery and machine tools; if, finally, they had not placed prohibitory duties on metal goods exported to Holland in order to keep them out of the market, the only one remaining open as a competitor for Germany?"

"Is it necessary to add that the industries cited by the Germans as having no connection with the war, such as quarries and lime kilns, furnish the German army with materials for concrete wherewith to fortify and consolidate trenches?

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Borden and Colleagues Awaiting White's Return to Set Opening Date

Ottawa, Nov. 9.—It is improbable parliament will be summoned before the middle or end of January. The question will be taken up by the cabinet on the return of Sir Thomas White, who will be back from London early in December.

The budget and other measures emanating from the finance department always constitute an important feature of the session, and the nature of the next year's legislation along these lines will be considered only after Sir Thomas has returned.

Hon. A. Sevigny, Speaker of the House of Commons, and Senator Boudia, Speaker of the Senate, were in Ottawa yesterday.

GERMANS REPULSED BY FOCH'S MEN AT SAILLY-SAILLISEL

Paris, Nov. 9.—A German attack on Sainly-Sailisel, north of the Somme, last night, was repulsed after a brief hand-to-hand encounter, the war office announced this afternoon.

There was great artillery activity during the night.

AWARDED D.S.O.

Port Arthur, Nov. 9.—R. B. Hartstone, of the Canadian Northern Railway, has received word from England that one of his sons, Lieut. Ralph, had lost a foot, and that his other son, Major J. B., who also was wounded, his been awarded the D.S.O.

DESIRE DETAILS OF SINKING OF ARABIA

Washington Officials Awaiting Information Regarding Act of German Submarine

NO REPORT AMERICANS WERE ON THE LINER

Sinking Has Added to Gravity of Question of Submarine Warfare

Washington, Nov. 9.—Full information regarding the torpedoing of the British passenger liner Arabia, of the P. and O. Line, is awaited at the state department with concern. There has been no report indicating that there were Americans on board the vessel, but the announcement of the British admiralty that a ship carrying hundreds of passengers, including women and children, had been destroyed without warning, has added seriousness to the submarine question now pending.

If it should develop that the Arabia carried no Americans, the United States probably would take no official notice of the incident, although the deepest interest would be felt because of the possibility that it might mean a change in Germany's methods of submarine warfare.

A brief cablegram from Ambassador Pake at London late yesterday announced the sinking of the liner. It made no mention of Americans on board.

VILLISTAS WIN IN CHIHUAHUA STATE

Reported Defeated Carranza Forces Fleeing Northward to Chihuahua City

Many Asked Office of the Chicago Tribune in London

Juarez, Mex., Nov. 9.—Villa has won an overwhelming victory in an engagement with Carranza forces south of Parral, according to dispatches received here to-day. The defeated Carranzistas are reported in full flight back to Chihuahua City with the Villistas in close pursuit. The evacuation of the capital city of the state of Chihuahua cannot be delayed longer, according to the *Chicago Tribune*.

Leaving Chihuahua.

El Paso, Nov. 9.—Passengers arriving from Chihuahua City brought a report that a special train was being prepared there to bring the French and British residents of Chihuahua City to the border. Chinese residents also are coming from the state capital. It is feared that Villa is preparing to attack.

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BAVARIAN PRINCE DIED OF WOUNDS

Winnipeg, Nov. 9.—A local grain firm sold to-day 4,000 bushels of No. 1 northern wheat in store at Fort William at \$2 per bushel.

MAJ. BECKLES WILSON WITH GENERAL STAFF

London, Nov. 9.—Major Beckles Wilson has ceased to be employed in the Canadian war records office and has been transferred to the general staff.

SIX INJURED.

Topeka, Kas., Nov. 9.—The Golden State Limited was wrecked near here on the Rock Island line when a flange on a wheel snapped off. Six persons were injured, one probably fatally.

EACH SIDE CLAIMING; OUTCOME IN STATES STILL IS IN DOUBT

Democrats Claim North Dakota, California, New Mexico and New Hampshire and Say Wilson Will Have 288 Electoral Votes; Republicans Expect Hughes Will Have at Least 280 Votes

New York, Nov. 9.—With five states still in doubt, the national committee chairmen of the Republican and Democratic parties were unwilling to concede here this afternoon that the opposing presidential candidate had received a sufficient number of electoral votes to win.

Meanwhile it was indicated at both headquarters that in states where the vote was close a recount would be demanded. Both sides again announced they were taking precautions to guard ballot boxes.

Vance C. McCormick, Democratic chairman, reiterated emphatically his claim of yesterday that President Wilson would be re-elected with 288 electoral votes, 22 more than enough to bring him

precincts were yet to be heard from in Los Angeles county, Hughes's greatest stronghold, while more than 400 precincts in Northern California expected mostly to give Wilson a plurality, were yet to be heard from. These northern precincts are in isolated mountain counties and all may not be available before to-morrow.

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Only the Best In Our Work30 DAYS' SPECIAL
OFFER.With every purchase of a 50c jar of Palmolive Cream
or Face Powder, we will giveTHREE CAKES OF PALMOLIVE
SOAP FREECorner of
Fort and Douglas
Phone 135
Campbell's
Prescription
Store
CompanyGERMANS MAKING
BELGIANS SLAVESBelgian Government Has De-
cided to Protest to Neu-
tral Governments

Havre, Nov. 9.—The Belgian government has decided to protest to the principal neutral governments against the deportation of Belgians and their employment at forced labor in German factories and in military work in the Verdun region.

The documentary bureau of the Belgian minister of war in making this announcement says the government has positive information that 15,000 Belgians and a number of French civilians were forcibly taken between October 15 and 24 from various parts of Belgium, Flanders and the region of Mons.

These unfortunate, "says the paper, "were crowded into open cars, exposed to intemperate weather and sent as

cattle to various destinations, certain of them to Germany and others to the Verdun front. There can be no doubt that most of them will be employed on work of a military character.

The Belgian government has decided to protest to neutral countries against this particularly abominable violation of Article 3 of The Hague convention."

GRANT HALL, OF C. P. R.,
MEETS TRAINMEN

Winnipeg, Nov. 9.—Grant Hall, vice-president and general manager of the Canadian Pacific Railway, met here to-day the local chairman of the various trainmen's committees with a view to the satisfactory interpretation of some of the rather ambiguous clauses in new schedule recently put into force.

ARTHUR HENDERSON
PENSIONS MINISTER

London, Nov. 9.—Arthur Henderson, leader of the labor party in the House of Commons, has been appointed minister of pensions, a post recently created.

NOT TIME TO FORM
LEAGUE FOR PEACESuch Effort in Britain Would
Be Misunderstood; Says
London Times

London, Nov. 9.—The Times, commenting upon a letter from two members of parliament, which proposes "an immediate movement toward the object dear to all human civilization mankind," says, under the heading: "An inopportune suggestion":

The members inform us that their society has been in existence for 18 months, and has been considering the difficulty and complex question of constituting a league of nations after the war. It has arrived at definite ideas for the solution of the great problem of permanent peace. The members of the league are to refer their disputes to a tribunal whose awards are to be enforced.

The project is an enlargement of the writers, who remind us that it is warmly supported by President Wilson, and that he has gone so far as to express the belief that the United States would renounce its isolation to join the proposed league.

The writers of the letter seek support from Viscount Grey's speech. They seem to misunderstand what Viscount Grey said. He expressly scouted the notion that while in the throes of this death struggle we can be expected to have time for developing ideas as to what can be done after victory has been secured. He welcomed work of that kind in neutral countries, but movement here of such a kind as this letter advocates would be certain to be misunderstood.

There are among us irresponsible persons who babble of immediate peace terms which would leave the Prussians free to renew their felonious attack upon the liberties of nations at their own moment.

ROUMANIAN GENERAL DIES.

London, Nov. 9.—The death of General Dragalina, commander of the first Roumanian army, from a wound received recently in battle, is reported in a Bucharest dispatch to the Wireless Press.

Buffalo Nickle Cuff Links made by Haynes are serviceable and artistic.

FURTHER ADVANCE
BY RUSSIAN TROOPSGERMANY URGED TO
TRY FOR ARMISTICEGround Taken South of Dorna
Watra; East of Jiu Enemy
Reinforced

London, Nov. 9.—A further advance by Russian forces west and south of Mount Lamantia, south of Dorna Watra, near the Roumanian frontier, was announced officially last evening. The Russians reached the section of the Bistrița valley from Belboiu Höle.

The Austro-Hungarian forces east of the Jiu valley have received reinforcements and assumed the offensive. In the direction of Pradeal and the Alt. enemy attacks continue.

The situation along the Danube is unchanged.

An Austro-German attack in Volhynia, near Sintovici, on the Stockhod, was repulsed by Russian forces, the war office announced yesterday afternoon. An attempt by Teutonic forces to advance in the region of Ostrovlos was also repulsed.

Vienna, Nov. 9.—Austrian troops repulsed Russian attacks southeast of the Szurdok pass, in Transylvania, and regained all their former positions on both sides of the Bodza road, according to an official communication issued last evening. Russian forces gained ground northeast of Tighina.

The secretary of state has remarked that no particular pressure was required to make the last loan a success.

I can say only that we know many cases where strong pressure was brought to bear with that object.

Separate Peace Impossible.

Who are the other subscribers to the loans? A good number are banks and other public institutions; then come the prosperous land owners, the successful traders and manufacturers, all of whom have been enriched by large war profits at the expense of the great mass of the populace.

Our attempts to come to an agreement with individual enemies at the cost of others are doomed to failure, as is shown by the fate of our efforts to conclude a separate peace with the Russians. Indeed, these peace overtures to Russia, whom our people have been urged to fight for two years, don't exactly rebound to our honor. In addition, they're hopeless.

What is the fundamental vice of the German policy? What is it which turns even our sincere friends in times of peace into our adversaries now? It is the extreme distrust with which not only the governments, but the people of other countries regard us.

War on Non-combatants.

One of the principle results of the progress of our civilization was the confining of war to combatants only. Now we have petitions to the Reichstag urging war upon non-combatants with the most brutal weapons. The bombing of open cities is advocated in order to bring the enemy nation concerned to its knees, but this betrays a complete misconception of popular psychology which was better understood by Sophocles, who said that an enemy must be fought in such a way that he will once more become a friend.

The number killed in this war is estimated already at 4,500,000. The number of permanently crippled is estimated at 3,500,000. The number of wounded is estimated at 11,000,000. How long is this massacre to last?

To put an end to it, it is necessary to make an unequivocal statement. I will tell you what kind is needed. Let it be proclaimed authoritatively on the German side that we are prepared to conclude an armistice as a preliminary to a general European congress, which should restore peace on the basis of the democratic rights of all nations.

Repulsed by Serbians.

Paris, Nov. 9.—Bulgarian forces

took the offensive against the Serbian

forces in the Vrana region on the Mac-

donian front southwest of Monastir.

They made three attacks the war of-

ce announced last night, and were re-

pulsed. They retired, leaving many

dead.

CARRANZISTAS MISSING.

Puerto, Mex., Nov. 9.—The adherents of Brig.-Gen. Felix Diaz, nephew of the former dictator, Porfirio Diaz, hold the Tehuantepec railroad south of Santa Lucrécia. Since Friday last a train of 13 cars with Carranza troops aboard has been missing. On Oct. 25 rebel forces attacked a train, killing nine soldiers and wounding 11. The passengers were robbed.

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Announcement

MEETINGS AND ENTERTAINMENTS

Notices of ratemakers, political, suffrage, patriotic, lodge, society, club or church meetings and services, concerts, socials, etc., inserted under special headings of "Meetings" on classified pages at one cent per word per insertion: As reading matter under heading of "Announcements" on news pages at three cents per word, per insertion.

UNCLE SAM'S THRILLER.

Uncle Sam's sensational presidential contest was still in doubt at noon to-day, with Dr. Wilson slightly in the lead. He was credited with 251 votes in the electoral college, while the total of his opponent was 242. Either candidate must have 266 to win the election, the total vote being 531. The doubtful states now are: California with 13 electoral votes, Minnesota with 12, North Dakota with 5, New Hampshire with 4 and New Mexico with 3. Each side, of course, claims all of them. If Wilson captured them his total vote would be 288 against 242 for Hughes. If the Republican candidate gains them his vote will be 289 against Wilson's 251.

Wilson must win either Minnesota or California in addition to either North Dakota, New Hampshire or New Mexico. For Hughes to become president he must win both California and Minnesota or either in addition to both North Dakota and New Hampshire. Thus without investigating the course of the count in the doubtful states Wilson has a better position. On the other hand, an examination of the returns in each state narrows the margin until the two stand almost neck and neck.

These returns grow more intensely interesting and exciting hour by hour. In California Wilson overcame Hughes' lead of yesterday and this morning was nearly 5,000 ahead with 570 precincts to be counted. Of these 142 are known to be Republican centres, while others are in portions of the state which have gone to the Wilson column. Minnesota, however, furnishes the most spectacular sight. Yesterday Wilson had a lead there of 10,000. This was finally overcome by Hughes. Then during the night the president forged ahead again until this morning with 500 precincts to be counted Hughes had the lead with about 1,000. In North Dakota Dr. Wilson led by 700, with 200 districts unreported. In New Mexico, on the other hand, Mr. Hughes had a lead of less than 300 over the Democratic candidate. Estimating the total electoral votes on the known results and the present position of the two candidates in the doubtful states we have: Wilson, 269; Hughes, 262.

Whoever wins it is clear that the margin will be very narrow in the electoral college, while in many of the states the popular vote is so close that recounts and protests are bound to arise. So far the election has been a surprise to all the prophets, except the few who predicted either a landslide for Wilson or a victory for Hughes by a small majority. It certainly has been a surprise for the president's following, who undoubtedly were certain their candidate would sweep the country. The Wilson campaign manager, Vance McCormick, positively asserted that Hughes would not win more than 70 out of the 531 votes of the electoral college, and there is reason to suspect that the president shared his optimism. The narrow squeak of the slogan, "He kept us out of the war," if it is not rejected altogether, carries a significance which cannot be lost upon Dr. Wilson, especially in view of the fact that the people of those states best informed

on the issues of the great world-struggle turned him down.

POSTED NOVEMBER 6.

A cablegram has been received from Sir Richard McBride stating that he had posted the certificate of the soldiers' vote on November 6. It probably will not reach here until November 24 or 25 at the earliest, which means that the Bowser government will not retire from office until the first of next month, if indeed, its discredited head does not hatch up some excuse to cling to the treasury benches until the end of the year.

Thus at least two and a half months will have elapsed between the time the civilian electors of the province told Mr. Bowser and his colleagues that they were not wanted and the date of his retirement and more than a month after they knew the result of the soldiers' vote. A more glaring exhibition of contempt for public opinion never has been seen in a British country under representative government. Mr. Bowser can consider himself fortunate that a disgusted electorate has not propelled him out of office by means more forcible than polite. That is what people do in their own private establishments to interlopers who refuse to leave when told to do so. Our Conservative friends now fully understand what the Liberals meant when they counted Mr. Bowser as first-class campaign material for them.

FISCAL POSSIBILITIES.

An important aspect of the presidential election which may have been lost sight of is the effect it will have upon Canadian trade. One of the chief planks of the Republican platform is the restoration of the United States tariff to its former altitude at least and possibly to an even higher mark. It will be remembered that not long after President Wilson took office the Underwood tariff measure was introduced and passed in Congress after a long, hard fight. That legislation made many radical reductions in the duties on imports into the republic and placed numerous articles on the free list. Among these were lumber and lumber products, cattle, potatoes, pulp, paper, whale oil, asbestos, and copper, while on other products the duties were very substantially lowered.

The effect of this tariff upon Canada's export trade with the United States was marked. In 1912, the year before the Underwood bill was passed, our exports to that country were \$102,044,000. In the next year they totalled \$139,725,000. In 1914 they jumped to \$163,872,000; in 1915 they were \$173,360,000; while in the year ending March 31 last they reached \$201,104,000. Thus during the last four years our exports to the United States have shown an increase of \$30,000,000 a year. The Canadian cattle industry particularly benefited from the Wilson policy. Before the Underwood bill was passed it was rapidly approaching extinction. The opening of the big market south of the boundary line at once gave it a remarkable stimulus, as the following table of exports of horned cattle will show:

1912 (year end, March 31) ... \$ 615,309
1913 1,116,923
1914 7,043,086
1915 9,152,580
1916 11,149,794

British Columbia fishing interests and lumber interests, especially the shingle manufacturers, would suffer from the substitution of a high tariff across the line for the present schedule, and from the standpoint of trade with the whole country would gain more from the election of Wilson than it would from the return of Hughes. At the same time there is little doubt that an increase in the tariff by a Republican administration ultimately would create another demand in the United States for its revision similar to that which arose from the high cost of necessities of life during the presidency of Taft, and impelled him to try to obtain a solution of the problem by negotiating a reciprocity agreement with Canada through which he might claim to have relieved the situation without compromising the traditional Republican policy of protection.

VERY MUCH ALIVE.

According to reports from the Mexican border Villa at the head of a considerable force has disastrously defeated a Carranza army at Parral, a little over a hundred miles south of Chihuahua, and is marching upon that important city which, it is expected, will be evacuated by the government troops. Chihuahua is the capital of the large state of that name immediately south of New Mexico, and through it runs the Mexican-National Railway from Juarez, just across the border from the United States, to Mexico City.

It was through Chihuahua that General Pershing's expeditionary force marched with instructions to capture Villa dead or alive and break up his band. Detachments of that force penetrated as far as Parral, the scene of Villa's recent victory, where they came

into conflict with some of Carranza's soldiers. The main force, however, is concentrated at Numiquipa, northwest of Chihuahua city, pending the interminable negotiations between the Washington and Carranza governments over its future operations. The army came to a standstill and the instructions went by the board when Carranza, taking advantage of the vacillating attitude of Washington in respect of its foreign policy generally, perpetually demanded that Pershing proceed no further, announcing that if he attempted to advance or turned to the right or left he would be attacked. Then began the inevitable exchange of notes, and a joint commission was appointed to investigate the whole situation. American newspapers friendly to the administration in the meantime circulating the report that Villa was dead and pointing out that this was so and his band having been broken up there was no occasion for Pershing's force to remain in Mexico any longer.

Meanwhile Villa was very much alive, and no doubt thankful for the splendid opportunity of organizing his resources which had been considerably presented to him by the two presidents. While they were exchanging polite communications he was consolidating his strength in the districts where he is strong, using the presence of Pershing's army at Numiquipa as first-class recruiting material. Incidentally he was murdering every American he could get his hands on. Finally, considering himself strong enough to move, he struck at several points. First he entered Chihuahua and departed with more than thousand new recruits who up to that moment had worn the Carranza uniform, and a large quantity of arms and munitions. Then, well supplied in that respect, he turned southward to meet the army Carranza had dispatched against him. According to reports he has completely defeated that force and his entry into Chihuahua no doubt will be recorded in a few days. Meanwhile the American force which was sent to Mexico to get Villa "dead or alive" and break up his band is still there, while the joint commission is talking the situation over in Mexico City.

After the hasty-burly is done we can see great opportunities for an unlimited exchange of "notes." The Huns gave an undertaking to President Wilson that they would sink no more passenger ships without warning and making provision for the safety of passengers and crews. Yet the pirates have sunk the Arabia. Now we suppose there will be a still hunt for "extenuating circumstances," but Woodrow doubtless has made a "note" of the fact that the American people are becoming somewhat impatient over quibbles.

The Wilson administration has confronted many crises since the war began. Now it has two on its hands, one with Germany over the sinking of several ships without warning and without making provision for the safety of passengers and crews, and the other with respect to a purely domestic affair in which one Charles E. Hughes is more or less interested.

The mess of incriminating evidence that has accumulated across James Bay must have been fearful; judging by the time it is taking the government to clean it up. Apparently the post-election experiences of Sir Rodmond Roblin have determined Mr. Bowser to stick to office until every clue has been destroyed after a fine-comb and microscopic search.

The embargo imposed by the Canadian government upon the use of the Canadian mails by the Hearst newspapers is not sufficient. As our morning "contemporary" says, these anti-British journals should be barred from Canadian circulation altogether.

Four more states are reported to have gone "dry." California sticks stubbornly to its idols, however. Very soon the state with the "glorious climate" will loom up in the vision of the "wets" like "the shadow of a great rock in a weary land."

Captain Koenig, skipper of the Deutschland, interviewed by an admiring New London, Conn., reporter, that there were no longer any monkeys in Germany. Can it be possible that Fritz in his extremity has developed cannibalistic tendencies?

We think it is about forty years since there has been such a political situation as is now developing in the United States. Then it was claimed that Hayes, a minority candidate for president, was "counted in" over Tilden, the Democratic candidate.

According to reports from the Mexican border Villa at the head of a considerable force has disastrously defeated a Carranza army at Parral, a little over a hundred miles south of Chihuahua, and is marching upon that important city which, it is expected, will be evacuated by the government troops. Chihuahua is the capital of the large state of that name immediately south of New Mexico, and through it runs the Mexican-National Railway from Juarez, just across the border from the United States, to Mexico City.

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Shoulders of Lamb, special	
"lb. Friday, per	18c
Rolls Roast Beef	16c
Per lb.	16c
Choice Boiling Fowl	20c
Per lb.	20c
Fresh Cod Fish, special Friday, per lb.	8c
Fresh Cod Fillets, special Friday, per lb.	12c
C. & B. Lemon Marmalade. Glass jars. Each	19c
Pure Leaf Lard	20c
Per lb.	20c
Pride of Canada Maple Syrup (see demonstration), per bottle	60c

Rock Bun Recipe	
1/2 pound of flour	
2 oz. sweet lard or butter	
2 oz. granulated sugar	
2 oz. currants	
3 teaspoons baking powder	
1/2 teaspoon salt	
1 cup sweet milk	
Mix to a smooth batter and drop in small spoonfuls on to a well-greased baking pan. Bake in moderately hot oven for 15 to 20 minutes. Let cool in a pan before breaking apart.	

Shirriff's Golden Shred Marmalade, reg. 25c.	
Special	19c
Reception Mayonnaise Dressing, per jar	23c

NO. 1 HARD SHELL WALNUTS	
Regular 25c, Special to-day per lb.	19c

Black Mission Table Figs, per pkg.	10c
Minto Soda Biscuits, large pkts.	24c
Genuine Macaroni or Spaghetti, 3 lbs.	19c
Pacific or Buttercup Milk, 3 tins	25c

STATIONERY DEPT. SPECIAL

Writing Pads, 20c and 22c each. With each Pad 1 pkt. Envelopes Free.

Fresh Currant Buns, Special, per doz.	10c
Earthenware Beans Pots, reg. 35c. Special Friday at	24c

Three cakes Palmolive Soap Free with each package of Vanishing Cream or Face Powder at 50c, and one cake Soap Free with each Palmolive Shaving Stick or Talcum Powder at 25c.

H. O. KIRKHAM & CO., LTD.
Victoria, B. C. Duncan, B. C.
Grocery, 178 and 179. Delivery, 5522. Fish and Provisions, 5520. Meat, 5521

1313 Douglas Street
WESCOTT'S Phone 5150

Every Day Is Bargain Day at Our Store

Children's White Muslin Dresses, neatly trimmed with lace and embroidery. A new lot just to hand, up from	50c
Children's Silk and Voile Dresses, sizes 1 to 6 years, very prettily trimmed and exceptional values, up from	12.25
Children's Cream Cashmere Dresses, to two years, up from	90c
Ladies' Fancy Collars—A nice assortment, up from, each	50c
Ladies' Silk Scarves from, each, 50c to	2.50

CABARET PROCEEDS

"Sister Susie" Club Clears \$535.01 From Saturday's War-Bazaar.

There were 656 people present at the "Sister Susie" cabaret and war bazaar held in the ballroom of the Empress hotel on the evening of November 4, and the Prisoners of War Fund will benefit to the extent of \$535.01, this sum having been handed to the hon. secretary-treasurer, Mrs. T. H. Laundry, by the "Sister Susie" Club. The following is an acknowledgment of the receipt of the money:

To the Sister Susie Club:
The committee of the Canadian Prisoners of War Fund, I.O.D.E., wish to send their sincerest thanks to each member of the Sister Susie Club of Victoria for the generous sum of \$535.01 which they have raised for our Canadian prisoners of war.

The noble efforts of your club, which we understand consists of not more

than twelve active girl members who have given time and energy in such a good cause, will, we feel sure, be heartily appreciated by our dear Canadian prisoners in their loneliness and add to the material comforts which such a substantial donation to the funds will provide for them. With heartiest good wishes for the success of your club in all its undertakings. Believe me, yours truly,

N. LAUNDRY.

Hon. Sec. Treas., Canadian Prisoners of War Fund, I.O.D.E.

The Sister Susie Club would like to take this opportunity of tendering their grateful thanks to Mr. Banaglia, the manager of the Empress hotel, whose courteous assistance and liberal personal donation went far to make the entertainment a success it was; to Mrs. H. Pooley, Mrs. Dunsmuir, Mrs. Green, Miss Haggerty, Miss Kirk, Q.M.-S. Gillan and Mrs. Dawson for their delightful concert; to Mrs. Duff-Arden and Miss Le Neven for fortune-telling, and to all those ladies who assisted in other ways; to T. H. Laundry and R. Jones for acting treasurer for the evening.

The raffle for the doll was drawn by Lieut.-Col. Bruce-Powley, the winning ticket being No. 30, Miss Anderson, No. 1717 Duchess street.

For the benefit of the public who so liberally patronized them, the Sister Susie Club wish to state that apart from the general expenses incidental to an affair of this kind, the whole of the proceeds has been given to the Canadian Prisoners of War Fund.

A detective was praising the truthfulness of women. "If war bulletins were as truthful as women," he said, "we'd have a better idea of how this world's struggle is really going. I remember a case the other day—it's interesting in its revelation of woman's truthfulness—the case of a husband who had disappeared. Questioning the wife, I said to her: 'And now, madam, tell me—this is very important—tell me what your husband's very last words were when he left.' His last words," the truthful creature answered with a blush, "were 'For heaven's sake, shut up!'"

George (to Tom, fishing)—"How many have you caught?" Tom (easily)—"Oh, I couldn't count 'em." George (peering into the can)—"Why, you haven't caught any at all!" Tom—"That's why I can't count 'em."

Small shipment of PATON'S WOOLS received to-day.

Infants' Outfits. Our Specialty

SEABROOK, YOUNG

Women's and Children's Outfitter

625 Johnson St., Phone 4740

New Shipment of Woolen Gloves and Scarves for Women and Children Received To-day

Also Crepe de Chine and Silk Waists.

Large stock of Flannelette Underwear.

Special values in Children's Garments.

Navy and Grey Flannelette Bloomers, Moire and Satin Underskirts, \$1.50 up.

Small shipment of PATON'S WOOLS received to-day.

Infants' Outfits. Our Specialty

SEABROOK, YOUNG

Women's and Children's Outfitter

625 Johnson St., Phone 4740

INTERESTING CONCERT

Entertainment Given at Old Victoria Theatre to Aid Oaklands Methodist Church.

At the old Victoria theatre Tuesday night a concert was given in aid of the Oaklands Methodist church. The audience might have been larger, in view of the good programme provided, but if numbers were lacking appreciation compensated the artists for their work.

The stage was more comfortably furnished than usual, and the lighting and decorations generally were pretty. In their choice of artists the ladies who organized the undertaking were particularly happy. Mrs. V. Gleason, who is one of the best known of Victoria's reciters, contributed several numbers, each marked by the historic ability and keen sense of humor which have characterized the elocutionist's work for many years. "Clodius and Cynthia" was her first number, and in the course of the programme were contributed also the incident of "Biddy McInnis" and the "Photographers," "Abel Dunkel" and "Sack Cloth and Ashes," things making definite claims on the versatility of the elocutionist. Very hearty applause greeted each of her appearances.

In Mrs. Joseph Hinton the audience found another delightful entertainer. Mrs. Hinton has a rich sympathetic soprano, and, accompanied at the piano by her husband, she gave very charming interpretations of "Still as the Night" and Goring Thomas's "A Summer Night," encores being demanded in each instance.

The programme was given variety by concert solo by Gunner G. H. E. Green, who has excellent breath control and gave three or four numbers, among the best of which was "The Death of Nelson." T. Kelway was in fine voice, and gave one of the popular airs from "Martha," and Tosti's "Goodbye," both of which were very cordially received.

SOCIAL AND PERSONAL

All personal items sent by mail for publication must be signed with the name and address of the sender.

W. R. Wilson, of Seattle, is at the Dominion.

R. J. Fender, of San Francisco, is at the Dominion.

Robert Daigle, of Calgary is at the Dominion hotel.

W. Henderson, of Tacoma, is a guest at the Metropolis hotel.

H. Willie, of Vancouver, is staying at the Metropolis hotel.

C. Rea, of Edmonton, is registered at the Dominion hotel.

G. Thompson, of Seattle, is registered at the Metropolis hotel.

Col. H. H. Dobie, of Maple Bay, is at the Dominion hotel.

A. N. Tuquas, of Chicago, has registered at the Empress hotel.

Stanley Kavanagh, of Los Angeles, is at the Dominion hotel.

W. D. Bille, of Kamloops, R. C., is at the Strathcona hotel.

Lieut. A. Pool, of Vernon, B. C., is staying at the Strathcona hotel.

Capt. Bloomquist, of Shawnigan Lake, is at the Dominion hotel.

A. M. Stuart is in from Sooke, and is registered at the Strathcona hotel.

E. D. Sheringham, of Mill Bay, is registered at the Strathcona hotel.

M. Albery, of New Westminster, is registered at the Metropolis hotel.

W. G. Everitt, of Salt Spring Island, is registered at the Strathcona hotel.

J. M. Addison and J. A. Tanner, of Nanaimo, are guests at the Dominion hotel.

Dr. F. W. Green, of Cranbrook, is registered at the Empress hotel, arriving yesterday.

Miss J. Carpenter and Mrs. Dalton Woods, of Calgary, are staying at the Dominion hotel.

Mrs. A. E. Peterson and Miss M. W. Peterson, of Portland, have arrived at the Empress hotel.

Mr. and Mrs. Stewart, of Esquimald, B. C., are visiting Victoria and stopping at the Dominion hotel.

Mrs. T. Bazett and Miss N. Bazett, of Duncan, are in the city and are staying at the Strathcona hotel.

N. Porteous, R. S. Sweeting, J. C. Dill and J. Sandison are Vancouver visitors staying at the Strathcona hotel.

Miss Grace D. Adams, of Chambly, J. H. and Mrs. W. B. Wilson, of La Fayette, Ind., are guests at the Empress hotel.

Vancouver Daily Weather.

Observations taken 5 a. m. and 5 p. m., Wednesday:

Temperature.

Highest

Lowest

Average

Minimum grass

Bright sunshine, 36 minutes.

General state of weather, cloudy.

The Gift Centre

Inexpensive Pendants and Lavalieres in Solid Gold Up From \$4.00

These are very dainty and graceful neck ornaments. The lower priced pendants are set with real shell canes or small shell canes, up to \$12.50 are set with pearls combined with Peridot, Amethyst, Aquamarine or small Diamond. Come and make your selection early.

You will be welcome even if you are not ready to buy. Goods right—Prices right—Service right.

Go to the Grand Concert Royal Victoria Theatre, Victoria, B. C., November 5, 1916, in aid of British Sailors' Relief Fund. Programme by Officers, Men and Band of Warships now in port here.

Shortt, Hill & Duncan, Ltd.
Diamond Merchants,
Central Building,
View and Broad Sts.

STATIONERY DEPT. SPECIAL

Writing Pads, 20c and 22c each. With each Pad 1 pkt. Envelopes Free.

Fresh Currant Buns, Special, per doz.

Puffed Rice, in bulk, Special, per lb.

Earthenware Beans Pots, extra heavy, reg. 35c. Special at

37c

WOLODIA HORELIK IS WONDERFUL DANCER

Features in "The Gypsy Camp" at Pantages This Week; Schepp's Circus Popular

Wolodja Horelik is a real dancer, as the audiences, who are seeing him and his "wonderful" ballet in "The Gypsy Camp" at the Pantages this week, will testify. He possesses all the nimbleness and grace of the typical Russian dancer, combined with that indescribable abandon and wildness which only the native Russian can put into his terpsichorean efforts. He is a professional in every sense of the word. And just because he is a professional and has made dancing his life's work lies the reason why he cannot appreciate ballroom dancing on this side of the water.

"Usually I am obliged to laugh when

I see ballroom dancing over here," said Horelik yesterday. "I, personally, like this form of dancing, although persons trained to ballet work are usually quite unfitted to participate in it. The trouble with dancing in this country, it seems to me, is that any of the dances to which you give the label are not the genuine article. Now the real tango is beautiful. The creation that is called the tango here is a jumble of about a thousand individual opinions of what the tango might be. Consequently it is a far different thing from the real article. Of all the dances I have seen in America, I believe that I prefer what is called the Boston waltz.

"Like all other Russian dancers, I began to study when I was about six years of age," he said. "It isn't safe to waltz very long. The life of a dancer, as a dancer, is a short and busy one. Here I am 25 years of age. I expect to dance until I am about 39 and then I shall retire. Legs, heart and lungs will not permit of continuing in the work much beyond that age. In Russia, if we remain there, we are pensioned at 25, like an old government employee, but, if we go away, as so many of us have done, we must shift for ourselves in later life and the government relinquishes all claims upon us. But think of the pay if one remains there! Why, it may be a surprise to Americans to learn that a dancer like Pavlova, Kordkin or Nijsky, who have such celebrated reputations in this country and Europe, receive about \$200 a month in their native country. It takes a pretty good dancer in Russia to get \$100 a month. In America—well, it's different 'over here, and if we work here for a few years we get more money than our salary and old-age pension combined would amount to in Russia."

Horelik and his Imperial Russian dancers are one of the features in a bill of many good acts at Pantages this week. The headline attraction is Schepp's Dog, Pony and Monkey Circus, which is attracting a great deal of attention throughout the city. The little bucking black pony, which enjoys a reputation for being hard to ride, has found a challenger for Friday night, which was set aside for ladies only. One lady at least has declared that she will try for the prize money provided she conceal her identity with a mask. This has been agreed to. Many of the children of the city who are keen to see this fine animal act are wisely coming to the performances early in the week. In this way they avoid the big crush for Saturday matinees. The management is making special arrangements, however, for the week-end crowds.

An interesting but little known relic of Old London stands in a garden on the outskirts of Ware—no less than one of the pillars of old Blackfriars bridge. The grounds in which the column stands were once the property of Robert Mylne, the architect, who made a point of collecting relics of the different structures with which his name was associated, and of these the old pillar is about the only one now remaining. In order to protect the relic from decay a special clause has been inserted in the lease of the premises binding the tenant to keep it free from ivy or other parasitic growths.—London Chronicle.

Columbia Theatre

TO-DAY, FRIDAY AND SATURDAY

DAY

Wm. S. Hart

in

"THE APOSTLE OF VENGEANCE"

A two-reel Mutual Comedy riot.

Charlie Chaplin

in

"THE PAWN SHOP"

A two-reel Mutual Comedy riot.

COLUMBIA ORCHESTRA

See the Chaplin at the Columbia first.

Mack Swain

in

"AMBROSE'S CUP OF WAR"

A Riot of Laughs.

Special Music by

COLUMBIA ORCHESTRA

See the Chaplin at the Columbia first.

PALLAS PICTURES

present

DUSTIN FARNUM

in

"DAVID GARRICK"

5—Acts—5

Romano Theatre

To-day, Friday and Saturday

G. WILLIAMS Organist.

PRINCESS THEATRE

Phone 4625

Week Starting MONDAY, NOVEMBER 13

F. Stuart-Whyte

Presents

ALADDIN

& his Wonderful Lamp

MAGNIFICENT COSTUMES. ORIENTAL SCENERY.
BEAUTIFUL GIRLS. HAUNTING MELODIES

Evening Prices: 50c, 75c and \$1.00
Matinees—Wednesday and Saturday: 25c, 50c, 75c
Seat Sale Opens at Box Office Thursday



EDNA GOODRICH AT VARIETY THEATRE

Appearing in Photoplay, "The House of Lies," for Three Days

"The House of Lies" the Morosco-Parmount photoplay at the Variety theatre to-day, to-morrow and Saturday sets forth this problem: Edna Cole is the step-daughter of a society-matron who candidly explains that she intends to exploit her daughter's beauty in the marriage market. The marriage market, with its shallow veneer of modern dress and modern manners, but with an amazing similarity of spirit to the old "slave market," only perhaps a little competition. What will the socially restricted debutante do when she finds it is to the handsome young dramatist that she is to be displayed? To the boy, she prefers to meet above all others, what will his opinion be of her whom he meets in this manner?

But there is a way that sets all the tangle right and Edna Goodrich playing the starring role finds that only in a great sacrifice is the clear path that leads to happiness.

"ALADDIN" TO BE PRESENTED NEXT WEEK

F. Stuart-Whyte's Production
Will Hold Boards at
Princess Theatre

Victoria is to have its first English pantomime this fall, when the well known author-manager, F. Stuart Whyte, presents his elaborate production of "Aladdin—and his Wonderful Lamp," at the Princess theatre on November 12. With all of its scenes laid in China and its characters Chinese, the costumes and settings admit of lavish investiture and a predominance of picturesque color schemes.

There is also another not-to-be-overlooked advantage in having the action supposedly take place in China. Many things happen in the land poppy that could not possibly happen anywhere else on the face of the globe. For instance, in the 1916-17 version of "Aladdin" there is a General Sam Fuse, in command of the Chinese army, who is responsible for many things, including laughs. There there is the emperor and the grand vizier, who, together with a select few political henchmen endeavor to clean out the imperial exchequer, and even strive to make profit out the munitions of war, such as knives, chop sticks, flags and rockets, at the expense of the imperial Chinese government. Of course this is very wrong and the malefactors are severely punished by having the crystals on their wrist watches fractured in three places.

However, there are two honest hearts in China, the possessors of them being Aladdin and the Princess So-Shi.

The pantomime is in five acts, or scenes, and will be presented here by a company of 25 distinguished artists, not to forget the perfect beauty chorus. Miss Zara Clinton will be seen in the title role. Billy Oswald has the leading comedy part, General Sam Fuse, and Harry Hoyland will appear in his greatest character creation, the Widow Twankey, a part which he has played many seasons in England.



G. RAYMOND NYE
AS PANCHO LOPEZ
IN UNIVERSAL'S
"THE HOUSE OF LIES"

At Romano Theatre to-day, Friday and Saturday.

APPEAL TO FEAR IS DAMAGING.

The fact that the United States has avoided war is a good thing. The fact that it is having its courage and confidence broken down is a very bad thing. "He kept us out of war" is the most demoralizing political cry that the American people have heard in fifty years. The appeal to fear is the most damaging political appeal that could be made. The Wilson campaign is corrupting the people. It is asking them to surrender fortitude and self-respect. The people who succumb to this appeal need not delude themselves. They are not only yielding to an absurdity, but they are debasing themselves. By so doing they will not

DOMINION THEATRE

TO-DAY, FRIDAY AND SATURDAY, METRO PRESENTS

VIOLA DANA

The Screen's Daintiest Star

—In—

"The Flower of No Man's Land"

Five Acts of Love, Romance and Supreme Appeal

Christmas Pantomime

PUSS IN BOOTS

at the

ROYAL VICTORIA

MONDAY, TUESDAY, WEDNESDAY

December 25, 26, 27

And Matinee at 2:30 Thursday, December 27

All the profits from the production will be equally divided between the Canadian and French Red Cross Societies.

The Box Office is now open and seats can be booked at the SUPERFLUITIES SHOP, Belmont House. Telephone 4123. All Seats Reserved.

Box or Logo Seats \$1.00

Stalls and Dress Circle .75

Children Under 12 .50

Balcony .50

Children Under 12 .25

Gallery .25

OLIVER MOROSCO

presents

EDNA GOODRICH

in

"The House of Lies"

This picture exceeds any previous Paramount production for the elegance of its settings and unusual plot.

Variety Theatre

TO-DAY—TO-MORROW—SATURDAY

PANTAGES THEATRE

ALL THIS WEEK

W. Horelik's
IMPERIAL RUSSIAN DANCERS
SCHEPP'S DOG, PONY AND
MONKEY CIRCUS
And Four Other Good Acts.

Matinee, 2; Night, 1 and 2.

Vancouver Dentists

Will Raise Their Fees December 1
OUR FEES HAVE JUST BEEN LOWERED

Pay
As
You
Can



Now is the
time to
Have Your
Decaying
Teeth
Corrected
Before
Winter
Comes.

SKILFUL TREATMENT
BY QUALIFIED DENTISTS

We feel that we are meeting the
wishes of the people in reducing fees
just now.

Our action has already been en-
dorsed by scores of people, many
whose financial resources would not
permit them to pay the higher fees.

And remember this—the Gilbert
standard of quality and perfection is
being fully maintained—the "Gilbert"
guarantee is being given with all work
—our painless methods are still being
practised.

An expert examination of your ob-
jectively teeth won't cost you a cent
—come in this evening if you wish.

DR. GILBERT'S
PAINLESS DENTAL PARLORS

1304 Government St., Cor. Yates.



The Sign
of
Dental
Quality.

PRESBYTERIANS SIGN
CHURCH COVENANT

Union Oppositionists Now Or-
ganizing; Victoria Meeting
Hears Report of Convocation

"It is up to us to take hold of this
situation and make our church a power
in the land, so that from the Atlantic
to the Pacific she will contribute to the
national life and social righteousness
which will save Canada for Christ."

With these final words of adjuration
Rev. Dr. Fraser, pastor of the First
Presbyterian church, Vancouver, and
one of the delegates to convocation last
month in Toronto, closed his summary
of impressions of the memorable gathering
which so recently pledged itself
by standing vote to a covenant which
is intended for the perpetuation and
strengthening of the Presbyterian
church in Canada.

The meeting which he was addressing
was in the King's Daughters' hall,
Courtney street, and was the first of
many meetings which are to be held in
the interests of the anti-union movement
in Victoria. Dr. Fraser's descrip-
tion of the historic gathering in
Toronto under the auspices of the
Presbyterian Church Association was
intended more for the purpose of giving
some impression of the spirit of the
meeting than to record the actual busi-
ness accomplished. He had gone as a
delegate somewhat reluctantly. He had
been pastor for twenty-eight years and
had only once attended a session of
the General Assembly. That gathering
had pre-disposed him to avoid such
conferences. To his astonishment when
he got to St. Andrew's church, Toronto,
where the convocation was in session,
he found the building packed, with ten
or twelve hundred people in the
congregation, and an undercurrent of emotion,
solemnity, and determination
without anger which could be felt the
moment one entered the hall.

The speaker recalled that he had been

put on a committee slated to report a
suitable name for the convocation.
"The Defence" had been rejected; the
committee maintained that the Presby-
terian church had nothing to do with the
defence for "The Preservation" was
another phrase thrown out. The
church was flourishing, and the suggestion
that convocation was gathered to
preserve it was untimely.

Laymen's Protest.

It was not a meeting of old Presby-
terians, as someone had said. The old
men were not in the majority. It had
in fact, given them great satisfaction
to see so many young ministers an-
dous to carry on the traditions of the
Presbyterian church, so many who
were downright earnest and filled with
enthusiasm and zeal. It was obvious
too that ecclesiastics were not dominating
the movement. It was a lay-
men's protest to the action of the
clerics. And the meeting took the at-
titude that the so-called Unionists were
in reality dis-Unionists, opposed to the
peace and unity of the church. On the
other hand no one could say that they
were a body gathered to oppose union.
Those who favored merging the Pres-
byterian with the Methodist and Con-
gregational churches were kindly
and consistently in the most kindly way,
only a spirit of regret at their decision
being expressed.

Dr. Fraser replied to the criticism
that the holding of such a convoca-
tion was rebellion. "Which General
Assembly are we to stand by?" he
asked. "The one of 1912, which found 31
per cent. of the members who voted
opposed to the proposed union, or the
one of 1916, which acted in the face
of the positive protest of a number of
oppositionists to union?"

"If we are not going to introduce
a spirit of submission to authority as
that it is because the spirit rampant in
the Presbyterian church is one
which lives side by side with the con-
sciousness of the value of the liberty
of the people. I maintain there was
no spirit of rebellion. It was a con-
vocation of men who conscientiously
stood for the principles of a church
polity and doctrine that has been hand-
ed down to us for generations."

"It was not until the Presbyterian
church began to take first place in the
Dominion of Canada that the talk of
union began," reminded Dr. Fraser.
Any man of sentiment or imagination
could not be content to see a church
with such a splendid past, such a
splendid present, merged with any
other.

"Time and again the audience was
moved into that deeper seriousness be-
gotten only from communion with
God, and a humble seeking after guidance
from the Heavenly Father that
audience made its supplication for help.
The climax for that was surely reached
when the covenant was read. No
one can convey to you the awfulness
of that moment when we stood to-
gether, emotion manifest and visible,
the crisis felt being the separation of
our brethren from the church which
they loved."

Methodists' Self Respect.

"If the Methodist church has any
respect for itself it will not be a party to
any union such as has been contemplated," declared Dr. Fraser in sum-
ming up. The spirit of the convocation
which he had just attended demon-
strated beyond doubt that the feeling
of Presbyterians was on the matter.

Rev. R. A. Macconnell, of St. Co-
lumbus church, Oak Bay, Victoria's

WANTS RECEIVER
APPOINTED AT ONCE

Application in Pacific Coast
Coal Mines Set Over Till
To-morrow

An application to have a receiver ap-
pointed at once in the case of Miss
Arbuthnot vs. the Pacific Coast Coal
Mines was made this morning before Mr.
Justice Clement in supreme court
chambers, and was adjourned until to-
morrow morning.

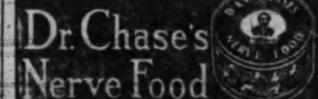
In asking for the order H. G. S.
Heisterman stated that when an ap-
plication was made recently before Mr.
Justice Gregory, an order was made
providing that in case the company
failed to put up proper security before
November 20 a receiver would be ap-
pointed. Since then an English
debenture holder named Jefferson had
put in a sheriff to sell the assets of the
company on Saturday of this week. In
order to stop the sale it was necessary
that a receiver be appointed at once,
and that was the reason why
the application was being brought. Mr.
Justice Gregory was unable to take
the chambers application because he
was the assize judge. The sheriff was
advertising the sale under a judgment
secured by Jefferson, one of the minor
debenture holders, for \$125,000. The
application was really one to shorten
the time under which a receiver could
be appointed.

D. M. Eberle, K. C., appeared on be-
half of the Pacific Coast Coal Mines,
asked for an adjournment until to-
morrow morning when W. J. Taylor,
K. C., who has been acting for the
other side, also was out of town. His
clients were just as anxious as Miss
Arbuthnot to have the property of the
company protected. The attack was
being made by a small set of debenture
holders.

By making the
blood rich and red.
Dr. Chase's Nerve
Food forms new
cells and tissues and
nourishes the starved
nerves back to health
and vigor.

By noting your
increased weight while
using it you can prove
positively the benefit
being derived from
this great food cure.

50 cents a box, all dealers, or
Edmundson, Bates & Co., Limited,
Toronto.



The Best of
Meats and Far-
mer's Produce
at GOODACRE'S

Prime Roasts Beef, 18c to 25c

Prime Steaks, 18c to . . . 25c

Boil Beef, 10c to . . . 15c

Roast Pork, 16c to . . . 22c

Pork Chops, 16c to . . . 22c

Veal, 18c to . . . 30c

Lamb, 20c to . . . 35c

Fowl 25c

Chickens, 26c to . . . 30c

Fresh Eggs, Butter and Ve-
getables Always in Stock

PHONES 31 AND 32

COR. GOVERNMENT
AND JOHNSON STS.



NEW BOOKS

The following new
books have just
been received at
the Public Library:

FICTION.

Benson, Edward Frederic—Mike, 1916.

Beresford, John Davis—A trilogy con-
sisting of: Early history of Jacob
Stahl, 1911; candidate for truth,
1912; invisible event, 1915.

Brown, Alice—Prisoner, 1916.

Dallas, Oswald—God's child, 1916.

De Quincey, Thomas—Klosterheim and
other stories, 1897.

Frenssen, Gustav—Three comrades,
1907. Gift.

Kaye-Smith, Sheila—Three against the
world, 1914.

Lawson, Henry Hertzberg—While the
billy goats, 1896.

Onions, Oliver—Good boy Seldom, a
romance of advertisement, 1911. Gift.

Oxenham, John—Rising fortunes,
1903.

Pickthall, Marmaduke—Said the fish-
erman, 1903.

Steuart, John A.—Rock of the ravens,
1912.

Street, George Slythe—Autobiography
of a boy, 1894.

Wells, Herbert George—Mr. Britling
sees it through, 1916.

Zangwill, Israel—Dreamers of the
Ghetto, 1906.

PHILOSOPHY.

Delanne, Gabriel—Evidence for a fu-
ture life, 1904. 133.9-D33ev.

Feli, P. R. S.—Fortune telling by cards,
133.8-F66o.

SOCIOLOGY.

Deane, R. Burton—Mounted police life
in Canada; a record of thirty-one
years' service, 1916. 381.7-D28mo.

Jones, William—Finger-ring lore, 1877.
391.7-J77fl.

Neilson, Francis—How diplomats make
war, 1918. 327-N41ho.

Schild, Marie, ed.—Old English cos-
tumes; ladies and peasants, 391-
S23ol.

USEFUL ARTS.

Foster, Horatio A.—Central station
bookkeeping and suggested forms,
with an appendix for street railways,
1894. 657-F75ce.

Heaton, John—Routledge's enlarged
ready reckoner containing 135,000
calculations showing the value of
any number of articles at 75c prices
from one-thirty-second of a penny
to a pound; with tables of sixteenths
and eighths of a penny ounces and
nails, qrs. and lbs. 511.8-H425o.

Lewis, Percy G.—Nursing, its theory
and practice, 1899. 610.73-L67nu.

Price, W. L., and Johnson, W. M.—
Home building and furnishing, 1903.
645-P93ho. Gift.

Schultz, C. W. H.—Universal dollar ta-
bles, 1874. 511.8-S38un.

FINE ARTS.

Cobett, Martin—Swimming, 796.8-
C68sw. Gift.

Dewhurst, Wynford—Impressionist
painting; its genesis and develop-
ment, 1904. Ref. 759.9-D521m.

Harrison, John—Decoration of metals,
1894. 746-H31de.

Oberthur, Charles—Theoretical and
practical course of instruction for
the harp, 787.5-O12th.

Stephens, W. P.—Canoe and boat
building, 1884. 797.15-S83ca. Gift.

Woodgate, Walter Bradford—Rowing
and sculling, 1889. 797.11-W88ro.

TRAVEL.

Burry, B. Pullen—Jamaica as it is, 1903.
917.292-H97ja.

Melville, Herman—Narrative of a four
months' residence among the natives
of a valley of the Marquesas Islands;
or a peep at Polynesian life, 1846.
919.63-M52na.

BIOGRAPHY.

Davies, William H.—Autobiography of
a super-tramp, with a preface by
Bernard Shaw, 1911. B-D257d.

Protheroe, Ernest—Noble woman; the
life-story of Edith Cavell, 1916. B-
C378p.

HISTORY.

Doroshovich, V. M.—Way of the cross,
with an introductory note by Stephen
Graham, 1916. 940.9-D71wa.

Kinglake, Alexander William—Invasion
of the Crimea; its origin and an ac-
count of its progress down to the
death of Lord Raglan, 1856. 942.08-K54.

Rusden, G. W.—History of New Zen-
land, 3 vols. 1896. 993.1-R55b1.

Zangwill, Israel—War for the world,
1916. 940.9-Z229wa.

JUVENILE BOOKS

Fiction.

Bell, Robert Stanley Warren—Green at
Greyhouse, a tale of adventure and
mystery at a public school, 1911.
Juv.

Farrar, Frederick William—Eric, or
Little by little; a tale for Roslyn
school, 1909. Juv.

Farrar, Frederick William—Julian
Home, a tale of college life, 1910.
Juv.

Shaw, Frank H.—With Jellie in the
North Sea, 1916. Juv.

Verne, Jules—On the track, Juv. Gift.

JUVENILE BOOKS

Big Snap 8 ACRES.

5 Acres Cultivated (now seeded in clover)

5 Roomed House

(New)

Good Poultry-House and Small Dwelling of 1 room.

Wire fence round property.

Only \$2,500

Terms to Suit Purchaser.

Full particulars at

SWINERTON & MUSGRAVE

Winch Building, 640 Fort St.

REWARD STILL GOOD

Fifty Dollars Paid to Anyone Recovering Lost Torpedo.

Reward is still being offered by the naval authorities for the recovery of the torpedo which was lost on October 7. The torpedo's position, at the approximate time of its disappearance, was off and a half miles south of degree E. magnetic, from the Flagstaff Lighthouse. The sum of \$50 will be paid to anyone recovering same and delivering it over to the naval authorities.

FAST ATLANTIC SERVICE.

P. A. Franklin, vice-president of the International Mercantile Marine corporation, is reported to have stated recently that the war has developed the necessity for a line of fast steamships in the Trans-Atlantic service, and that the company is ready to build four 25-knot quadruple-turbine steamships of from \$2,000 to \$3,000 tons each. Two of these, it is said, will be ordered in the United States and two in Belfast, Ireland.

SALVAGE IS CLAIMED.

The Ulster Steamship Company, operating the head line between England and Canada, is claiming \$25,000 in the Montreal Admiralty court for services rendered in salvaging the steamer *Fremonia* which grounded on Anticosti (Island August 1 last).

TANKER BELRIDGE COMING.

The tank steamer *Belridge*, is due off here Nov. 22, on her first trip with fuel oil between Port San Luis and Vancouver.

SUNRISE AND SUNSET.

Time of sunrise and sunset (Pacific standard time) at Victoria, B. C., for the month of November, 1916:

	Sunrise	Sunset	Hour Min.	Hour Min.
Nov. 1	7:11	4:44		
Nov. 2	7:12	4:42		
Nov. 3	7:14	4:42		
Nov. 4	7:16	4:41		
Nov. 5	7:17	4:40		
Nov. 6	7:19	4:39		
Nov. 7	7:20	4:38		
Nov. 8	7:22	4:35		
Nov. 9	7:23	4:34		
Nov. 10	7:25	4:32		
Nov. 11	7:27	4:30		
Nov. 12	7:28	4:29		
Nov. 13	7:29	4:29		
Nov. 14	7:30	4:28		
Nov. 15	7:32	4:26		
Nov. 16	7:33	4:25		
Nov. 17	7:35	4:24		
Nov. 18	7:37	4:23		
Nov. 19	7:38	4:21		
Nov. 20	7:39	4:21		
Nov. 21	7:40	4:22		
Nov. 22	7:42	4:22		
Nov. 23	7:43	4:22		
Nov. 24	7:45	4:22		
Nov. 25	7:46	4:22		
Nov. 26	7:48	4:21		
Nov. 27	7:49	4:21		
Nov. 28	7:50	4:22		
Nov. 29	7:51	4:22		
Nov. 30	7:53	4:22		
The Observatory, Gonzales Heights, Victoria, B. C.				

=TIMES SHIPPING CHART=

DEEP SEA ARRIVALS

Steamer	Master	Tonnage	Agents	From	To
Shidzuoka Maru...	Nomo...	4,672	G. R. Ritter...	Hongkong...	Nov. 10
Hawaii Maru...	Kamo...	5,890	R. P. Ritter...	Hongkong...	Nov. 12
Yashio Maru...	Higo...	5,844	Gt. Northern...	Kobe...	Nov. 13
Takao...	Black...	6,836	Dodwell & Co...	Hongkong...	Nov. 14
Makura...	Phillips...	4,921	C. P. R...	Sydney...	Nov. 15
Empress of Russia...	Robinson...	5,789	C. P. R...	Hongkong...	Nov. 18

DEEP SEA DEPARTURES

Steamer	Master	Tonnage	Agents	For	Due
Protosilaus...	Braithwaite...	6,118	Dodwell & Co...	Hongkong...	Nov. 10
Inasha Maru...	Higo...	4,384	Gt. Northern...	Kobe...	Nov. 22
Shidzuoka Maru...	Nomo...	4,672	Gt. Northern...	Hongkong...	Nov. 24
Yashio Maru...	Black...	5,826	Dodwell & Co...	Hongkong...	Dec. 6

COASTWISE SERVICES

For Vancouver					
Steamer Princess Victoria leaves daily at 3 p. m., and steamer Princess Mary or Alice daily at 11:45 p. m.					
Steamer Prince George leaves Mondays, 10 a. m.					
From Vancouver					
Steamer Princess Charlotte arrives daily at 2:30 p. m., and steamer Princess Mary or Alice at 6:30 a. m.					
For San Francisco					
Steamer Governor, Nov. 10.					
From San Francisco					
Steamer President, Nov. 13.					
For Seattle					
Steamer Princess Charlotte leaves daily at 4:30 p. m.					
Steamer Prince George leaves Sundays, 10 a. m.					
From Seattle					
Steamer Princess Victoria arrives daily at 1 p. m.					
For Port Angeles					
Steamer Sol Duc leaves daily except Sunday at 11:30 a. m.					
From Port Angeles					
Steamer Sol Duc arrives daily except Sunday at 1 a. m.					

COASTWISE SERVICES

For Prince Rupert					
Steamer Prince George Mondays, 10 a. m.					
From Prince Rupert					
Steamer Prince George Sundays, 7 a. m.					
For Comox					
Steamer Charmer leaves every Tuesday a. m.					
From Comox					
Steamer Charmer arrives every Sunday					
For Skagway					
Steamer Prince Rupert leaves Vancouver Thursdays, 11 p. m.					
From Skagway					
Steamer Prince Rupert arrives Vancouver Thursdays, 6 p. m.					
For Holberg					
Steamer Tees leaves on 1st and 10th of each month.					
From Holberg					
Steamer Tees arrives on 1st and 20th of each month.					
For Clayoquot					
Steamer Tees leaves on 10th of each month.					
From Clayoquot					
Steamer Tees arrives on 10th of each month.					

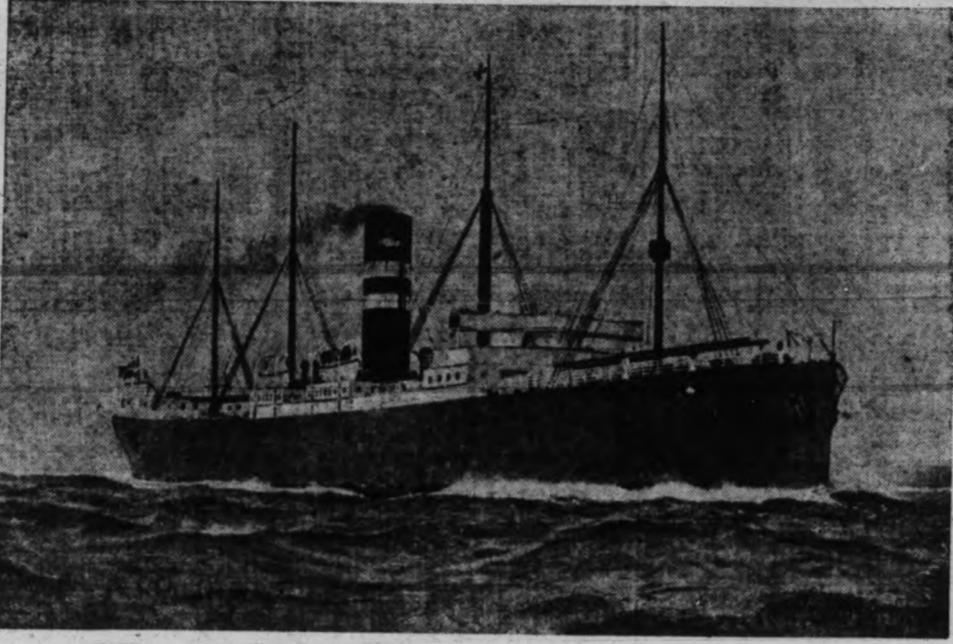
BRITISH STEAMER ASHORE.

For Seattle					
Steamer Princess Charlotte leaves daily at 4:30 p. m.					
Steamer Prince George leaves Sundays, 10 a. m.					
From Seattle					
Steamer Princess Victoria arrives daily at 1 p. m.					
For Port Angeles					
Steamer Sol Duc leaves daily except Sunday at 11:30 a. m.					
From Port Angeles					
Steamer Sol Duc arrives daily except Sunday at 1 a. m.					

ATLANTIC ARRIVALS.

From Clayoquot					
Steamer Tees arrives on 10th of each month.					
From Clayoquot					
Steamer Tees arrives on 10th of each month.					

REPORTED SUNK BY SUBMARINE



HARRISON LINER STATESMAN.

ANOTHER HARRISON STEAMER SENT DOWN

Statesman, Former Trader Here, Reported Sunk by German Submarine

London advises report the sinking on Monday of the British steamship Statesman, one of the largest vessels in the Harrison fleet. This marks the destruction of the second Harrison ship by submarine within two months, the Counsellor having been sunk in September 24, when en route from Victoria to the United Kingdom.

The Statesman is well known at this port, as she was formerly one of the regular traders between Liverpool and the North Pacific coast in the Harrison Direct Line service. She has not

PROFESSIONAL CARDS

ADVERTISEMENTS under this head, 1 cent per word per insertion; 50 cents per line per month.

BATHS

BATHS—Vapour and electric light, massage and chiropody. Mrs. Barker, #32 Port street. Phone R733.

CHIROPODISTS

RADIANT HEAT BATHS, massage and chiropody. Mr. R. H. Barker, from the National Hospital, London, 211 Jones Buildings. Phone 3416.

DENTISTS

DR. LEWIS HALL, Dental Surgeon, Jewel Block, cor. Yates and Douglas streets, Victoria, B. C. Telephones: Madam 557; Residence, 122.

DR. W. F. FRASER, 201-1 Stobart-Pearce Block. Phone 4304. Office hours, 8:30 a. m. to 6 p. m.

DR. F. G. KERNE, dentist, has opened offices in the Central Building, Suite 412-14. Phone 4369.

DETECTIVE AGENCY

PRIVATE DETECTIVE OFFICE, 312 Hibben-Bone Bldg. Day and night phone 3412.

ELECTROLYSIS

ELECTROLYSIS—Fourteen years' practical experience in removal of superfluous hairs. Mrs. Barker, #32 Port street.

ENGRAVERS

HALF-TONE AND LINE ENGRAVING—Commercial work a specialty. Design for advertising and business stationery. B. C. Engraving Co., Times Building. Orders received at Times Business Office.

GENERAL ENGRAVER, Stencil Cutter and Seal Engraver. Geo. Crowther, 132 Wharf street, behind Post Office.

FIRE INSURANCE

J. R. SAUNDERS, 1008 Langley street, presenting the Newark Fire Insurance Co., of 100 years standing. All valid claims have been and will be paid promptly. Telephone 3172.

FOOT SPECIALIST

MADAME JOSEPHINE, foot specialist: corns permanently cured; consultations free. Room 407-609 Campbell Bldg. Phone 2854.

LEGAL

BHADSHAW & STACPOOLE, barristers-at-law, 511 Bastion street, Victoria.

MASSAGE AND ELECTRICAL TREATMENT

THOMAS BURKE, masseur and med-electrician, graduate, Lond. Eng. For appointment, Phone 4870. Dunsmuir Apts.

MUSIC

MISS GLADYS E. HEWLINGS, L.A.R. teacher of the piano forte; terms moderate. 235 Work street. Phone 783. JT

NOTARY PUBLIC

W. G. GAUNCE, notary public and insurance agent, 408-10, Hibben-Bone Bldg. The best accident and sickness policy to be found.

NURSING

MATERNITY CASES taken in. 230 Government street. Phone 35681. JT

MATERNITY HOME—Mrs. Skelland, 2316 Lee Ave. Phone 291.

MATERNITY NURSING, in or out. Phone 4676. 1133 Fisgard. JT

ORTHOPEDIC CYANASUM

VICTORIA ORTHOPEDIC GYMNASIUM, Block. Phone 237 afternoons. Nevritis, rheumatism, sprains, local paralysis, spine, intestinal troubles, general debility, etc. JT

SCALP SPECIALISTS

PLUMB & PHILIP, specialists in treatment of dry and falling hair, experts in dry shampoo. 501 Campbell Block. Phone 2414. JT

SHORTHAND

SHORTHAND SCHOOL, 1011 Government street. Shorthand, typewriting, bookkeeping thoroughly taught. E. A. Macmillan, principal.

TUITION

INTERNATIONAL CORRESPONDENCE SCHOOL, 1222 Douglas, corner of Douglas and Yates. Tel. 3860.

ENGINEERS—Marine, stationary, prepared for certificates, Mondays, Thursdays, 8 p. m. W. G. Winterburn, 201 Central Bldg.

BUSINESS DIRECTORY

ADVERTISEMENTS under this head, 1 cent per word per insertion; 50 cents per word per week; 50 cents per line per month. No advertisement for less than 10 cents. No advertisement charged for less than \$1.

AUCTIONEER

AUCTIONER AND COMMISSION MERCHANT—Sales conducted. Jacob Aaronson, 512 Johnson street. Phone 747.

AUTOMOBILE ACCESSORIES

FOUR ACCESSORIES—See our special advertisement tires at #12—Plimley's, Johnson street. JT

BEARINGS—Complete line "Hess Bright" ball bearings, interchangeable with all makes. Plimley's, Johnson street. JT

FORD TIRES—We are overstocked in 31x tires, oversize for 30x3. Your opportunity. Plain, \$15.00; non-skid, \$18.75. Plimley's, Johnson street. JT

WE CARRY factory made springs to suit practically all makes of cars in use on Vancouver Island. When in spring trouble look us up. Plimley's, Johnson street. JT

BAKERS

RENNIE & TAYLOR, the only genuine Butter Nut bread bakers. Wholesale and retail. Imperial Bakery, Fernwood road. Phone 764.

BUILDERS AND CONTRACTORS

CARPENTRY, building, alterations and roofs repaired; guarantees repairs. W. Maycock, Maywood P. O.

CARPENTER AND BUILDER—T. Thirkell. Alterations, repairs, jobbing, leaky roofs repaired and guaranteed. Phone 3561. Estimates free.

CABINETMAKERS

HAVE YOUR FURNITURE repaired and re-finished by a practical cabinetmaker. 20 years' experience; estimates free; satisfaction guaranteed. Phone 3561.

CHIMNEY SWEEPING

CHIMNEYS CLEANED—Defective flues, fixed, etc. Wm. Neal, 1012 Quadra St. Phone 1019.

DYEING AND CLEANING

B. C. STEAM DYE WORKS—The largest dyeing and cleaning works in the province. Country orders solicited. Phone No. 3. C. Renfrew proprietor.

FISH

FRESH SUPPLY LOCAL FISH received daily. Free delivery. W. J. Wriggworth, 601 Johnson. Phone 651.

FURNITURE MOVERS

MOVE YOUR FURNITURE by motor, cheaper and quicker than by horse. J. D. Williams, Phone 570.

JEWELED HORSES & LAMBS, furniture and moving. Large, up-to-date, padded vans, express and trucks. Storage, packing and shipping. Office, 728 View street. Phone 1057. Stable, 507 Gorge road. Phone 2555.

BUSINESS DIRECTORY

ADVERTISEMENTS under this head, 1 cent per word per insertion; 50 cents per word per week; 50 cents per line per month. No advertisement for less than \$1.

FRED FOSTER, 1016 Government street. Phone 1537.

LIME

BUILDERS' and agricultural lime. Exton, 27741. 241 or 422.

LIVERY STABLES.

ERAT'S STABLES, 1012 Johnson. Livestock, boarding, hacks, express wagon, etc. Phone 182.

MILLWOOD.

GOOD MILLWOOD—Double load, \$3. single load, \$1.50. Phone 4518.

SHINE MILLWOOD.

\$1.50 half cord. Phone 4511.

PLASTERER.

FRANK THOMAS, plasterer. Repairing, etc. Phone 3312. Res., 1750 Albert Ave., city. Prices reasonable.

PLUMBING AND HEATING.

VICTORIA PLUMBING CO., 1032 Pandora street. Phones 362 and 14501.

PLUMMING AND REPAIR—C. W.

COX, Foxgord & Son, 1008 Douglas St. Phone 700.

THACKER HOLT, plumbing and heating; jobbing promptly attended to. 600 Second avenue. Phone 2822.

TAXIDERMISTS.

VICTORIA SCAVENGING CO.—Once 155 Government street. Phone 622. Ashes and garbage removed.

SEWER AND CEMENT ORKS.

T. DUTCHER, sewer and cement work. 230 Lee avenue. Phone 2551.

SHOE REPAIRING.

FOR SATISFACTION in shoe repairing, Arthur Hibbs, 511 Trounce Ave., opposite Colonist Bldg. Phone 626.

VACUUM CLEANERS.

THE AUTO VACUUM FOR your carpets; satisfaction assured. Phone 4616.

WOOD

FOR SALE—12 and 16-inch blocks, carried in, \$6 per cord. D. Lewis, Campbell Bldg. Phone 4607.

WOOD AND COAL

WESTERN COAL & WOOD CO.—Corded, wood, any length; lump coal, \$7.50; nut, \$8.50. Phone 4768.

VACUUM CLEANERS.

HAVE THE AUTO VACUUM FOR your carpets; satisfaction assured. Phone 4616.

W. V. C.A.

FOR THE BENEFIT of young women in or out of employment. Rooms and board. A home from home. 76 Courtney street.

WATCHMAKER AND JEWELER.

THE JEWEL CASH MEAT MARKET, 511 Pandora street. Phone 2321.

WAX CANDLES.

FOR SALE—One bundle winter clothing.

TO SPEAK TO-MORROW EVENING.

Hon. Rupert Guinness will arrive in Victoria to-morrow morning and to-morrow evening will address a public meeting at the Princess theatre under the auspices of the Victoria and Esquimalt branch of the Navy League.

Lady Guinness will address a meeting of the Women's Canadian Club at the Empress ballroom at 3 o'clock on Monday afternoon.

Rummage Sale, First Baptist church, to-morrow, 2 p.m.

Answers to Times Want Ads.

The following replies are waiting to be called for:

37, 52, 94, 157, 173, 205, 211, 1051, 1061, 1062, 1072, 1078, 1815, 1847, 1914, 3635, 3636, 3637, 3638, 3639.

TOO LATE TO CLASSIFY

PHOTOGRAPHS—"Lest we forget, it may be mentioned that that friend at the front will be glad to get a letter or card from you." Diggon Printing Co., 706 Yates street. Thoroughbred Photo free—see our windows. We make Christmas cards.

WHAT TO HOME TO EAT—When you can get a nice, tasty lunch of four courses at the Vernon Cafe for 25¢. Try it once and you will keep on trying it. Table for ladies.

TO LET—Comfortably furnished house-keeping rooms, with use of piano. 631 Avalon road.

THE FOLLOWING SETS of standard works at one-half and a few sets less than one-half the regular price: 23 vols. Webster's American Spelling Book, Washington Irving, 6 vols. New Practical Reference Library, 25 vols. Dumas, 10 vols. The World's History, 15 vols. Its Makers, 15 vols. Jules Verne, 14 vols. Memoirs of the Courts of Europe, 10 vols. 21 vols. Stoddard, 10 vols. Johnson & Co.

MOVED—Walters & Kinnerton have moved and are now located at 1411 Douglas, between Johnson and Pandora. Special attention given to umbrella covering and repairs. A nice line of new handbags. Phone 2493.

REWARD OF \$25 will be paid by the Board of School Trustees of Esquimalt to any person giving such information as will lead to the arrest and conviction of the person who discharged a rifle on Lampson street, on Wednesday last at or about 2:30 p.m., causing danger to the lives of children on their way home from school.

REWARD OF \$25 will be paid to any person who will give such evidence as will lead to the arrest and conviction of the person who shot my dog, an Irish setter, on Lampson street on Wednesday last. A. Mulcahy.

TO RENT—Single rooms, partly furnished, \$5 per month. Apply 79 Johnson street. Room 1. Inspection invited. 111

FOUND—Auto pump. Address Box 225, Times.

TO RENT—Two roomed, furnished cottage, one store, can be had together or separate, near High school. Apply 201 Fernwood road.

\$2.50 REWARD—Lost, pup, about 7 months, cross between Skye and Yorkshire terrier. Phone 5474.

CRAIGDARROCH ROAD, lot 138 (50x100), owner ordered overseas, must sell. What offer? Notify A. W. Bridgeman, 107 Government street.

WANTED—Boy, to deliver milk. Apply W. Holmes, Highgate Dairy, Mount Tolmie.

EXCHANGE—Clear title to lot 10, Lloyds Victoria, and some car for small amount. Fernwood district preferred. Apply owner, 1222 Richardson street. 111

FOR SALE—Black typewriter, oak case for \$15, or exchange phonograph or something useful. Box 227, Times. Phone 1865.

20 FEET 1 inch galvanized water pipe for sale. Write Box 228, Times.

LOST—Wednesday, between Dunsmuir road and Hillside avenue, gold brooch set with pearls and turquoise. Reward. Phone 2475.

IF YOU WANT A nice steam heater, cheaper and quicker; prices reasonable. J. D. Williams. Phone 50.

VICTORIA'S NEW FANCY GOODS STORE, 718 Yates street. Blouses, latest neckwear, stamped linens and fancy work materials. Prices reasonable. 111

SIXTY CENTS AN HOUR for your plumbing repairs. Phone 255. Standard Pumping Company, office, 25 Wimble building.

SMART BOY wanted, for delivery; good wages to right boy. Apply Dominion Men's Market, Oak Bay Juniper, 113 Building.

SEWING MACHINE BARGAINS—See window display, 18 Yates.

DROP HEAD MACHINES, \$16 and up, 718 Yates.

SINGER MACHINE, only \$10, 718 Yates.

DOMESTIC MACHINE, 112 Yates, 111 Rambler Bicycles for ladies or gentlemen, with Dunlop tires and coaster brake, \$35. Plimley's Cycle Store, 611 View street.

MODERN COW BARN, twelve stalls, dwelling, fifteen acres of land, 23-mile circle. Apply evenings, 150 Joseph St.

TIRES! TIRES! TIRES!

TO MAKE ROOM for fall shipment we are offering guaranteed tires at almost second prices. Call on Auto Supply Co., 1155 Blanshard.

NOTICE

In the Estate of Isaac Walsh, deceased.

All persons having claims against this estate are required to send particulars thereof, duly certified, to the undersigned, not later than the 10th of December, 1916, after which date the executor will proceed to distribute the assets of the deceased among the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which he shall then be in possession.

Dated the 5th day of November, 1916.

E. E. WOODFORD,
Bank of Montreal Chambers,
Victoria, B. C., November 8, 1916.

Solicitor for the Executor.



REWARD

A reward of \$50.00 will be paid for the recovery of a Torpedo which was lost on Saturday, October 7, 1916.

The torpedo, which had gone down, was 14 miles S. 40 deg. E. Magnetic from Fisgard Island Lighthouse.

(Signed) GEORGE PHILLIPS,
Naval Store Officer,
H. M. C. Dockyard, Esquimalt, B. C.

ROTARIANS LUNCH AT PANTAGES THEATRE

GOSDEN GOES INTO THE WITNESS BOX

Prisoner Accused of Perjury Repeats His Assertions of Alleged Payment

PRINTER FROM KAMLOOPS IS A NEW INTRODUCTION

Says He Saw Member for Vancouver at Post Office on April 25

Three or four minutes a day. He first mentioned seeing Mr. Macdonald to his wife that night, then to Simpson some time in June, and then some time just prior to the general election to Freeman Harding, editor of the Standard-Sentinel.

Mr. Moresby—Do you know what Mr. Simpson's policies were when you were a partner of his here?

He was a Liberal.

What are his politics now?

He's a Conservative.

In ordinary parlance he is a turncoat?

Yes.

Witness admitted he possibly read the evidence of Gosden about May 11 as to seeing Mr. Macdonald at the post office; he would have to refresh his memory, he said.

He said he looked to see if Mr. Macdonald recognized him, but there was no recognition, and witness did not speak. Asked for a reason, he said he did not want to press his acquaintance. He mentioned the matter to Simpson the day in June that Mr. Macdonald gave evidence.

Mr. Moresby—Why didn't you inform the proper authorities as to what you know?

I didn't follow any regular occupation; I have several trades.

In the by-election in Vancouver in February he was working under John T. Scott, who, he later found, had some sort of an official position "and he is in British Columbia yet." Witness did canvassing chiefly with "Brooky" Phil Robertson associated with him. Scott wanted lists of the longshoremen first. He and Robertson were to be paid \$20 a week each and a bonus of \$100 each in the event of Mr. Macdonald being elected, "and any money needed in the carrying out of any operations of which we were ordered." In the two weeks prior to election the day the two of them between them had approximately \$80.

Mr. Taylor—How was it used?

Some paid for men to canvass, others to get out lists and others given away as Phil testified and as I here testify.

I given away to whom?

Men who were going to vote.

Gosden told the court that after the election he went to Scott's office to collect his bonus and found Ashworth-Angerson and D. E. McTaggart, members of the Liberal executive, raising a row. There was an investigation later about the lists he had had prepared, and at this all the Liberal executives were present at one time or another.

I supposed Harding abused that confidence, and that is why you are here? Yes.

When did Harding abuse that confidence?

Monday evening of this week.

Is that your idea of citizenship; that you should keep your mouth closed when a man's liberty as in jeopardy? No.

Did you realize from the start the nature of your evidence?

I did.

And you stood back and said nothing?

I did.

Is that your idea of citizenship?

No.

What is the explanation?

I had personal reasons for it. I did not desire to become mixed up in the case.

What reasons?

In the first place, the circumstances under which I left Cranbrook, and the next place friendship for Mr. Macdonald.

How did you leave Cranbrook?

Why should this cause you to have these queer ideas?

I left under a cloud and have since been trying to make good and came here away from the place.

What was the nature of the trouble?

I was in charge of Mr. Simpson's business and got behind in my accounts.

Between the time he was in the room and the trial?

Did you see him at the time of the inquiry?

I don't remember ever speaking to him after that.

Spencer Howland, draughtsman, with headquarters here, but now in Vancouver, knows Gosden and on April 25 met him in the forenoon. He paid for Gosden's lunch at the Quaker Girl Cafe, and had a walk with him.

To Mr. Moresby he said he became acquainted with Gosden when he was a member of an unemployment committee.

Morton Denis Billings, a printer since 1881, employed by the Kamloops Standard-Sentinel since May and here from July, 1915, till then, was a new witness. He came here to work for F. E. Simpson, who ran the late Victoria and is now running the Standard-Sentinel. As a matter of fact, it later came out, he was a partner of Simpson's in the Victoria. He was asked by A. Dunbar Taylor, K. C., the various places he had lived or roomed at here, and went on to say that he remembered the Saturday before Easter, because he was working all day in the office and went home with a sick headache. He worked on Easter Monday and on Tuesday worked till 6 p.m., went home to dinner, and then to the Prince George hotel for a shave, getting to the hotel at twenty minutes past seven. He left there about five minutes past eight, walked around and went to the Victoria lock-box in the post office.

The court—At what time?

I could not state positively except as to the time I got home.

Mr. Taylor—Do you know Mr. Macdonald?

Yes, met him in Cranbrook, where I lived for some time and met him personally.

Where did you live before you went to Cranbrook?

In Iowa.

What nationality are you?

An American.

Have you taken out your papers?

In 1904 or 1905.

As you went into the post office did you see anyone you knew?

I saw Mr. Macdonald.

How near were you to him?

Eight or ten feet.

No doubt as to its being Mr. Macdonald?

I have no doubt at all.

Can you describe how Mr. Macdonald was standing?

Only by the way I went in. As I went in by the corner door, Mr. Macdonald was eight or ten feet to my left.

Did you see his face?

Yes, distinctly.

Did you come out the same door?

Yes, Mr. Macdonald was across the street on the north side of Courtney and east side of Government. He appeared to be glancing in a window and as I crossed he walked up Government street to Fort street.

Where did you go from there?

Home to 1007 Southgate street.

What time did you get home?

I got in and my wife had retired and asked me the time and it was five minutes after nine by my watch, which loses a little time.

How much time does it lose?

He has been living in British Columbia intermittently for about nine years, and last winter worked here on scavenging, snow cleaning and sewer excavation, and others at Gordon Head.

Mr. Taylor—What is your occupation?

I don't follow any regular occupation; I have several trades.

In the by-election in Vancouver in February he was working under John T. Scott, who, he later found, had some sort of an official position "and he is in British Columbia yet." Witness did canvassing chiefly with "Brooky" Phil Robertson associated with him. Scott wanted lists of the longshoremen first. He and Robertson were to be paid \$20 a week each and a bonus of \$100 each in the event of Mr. Macdonald being elected, "and any money needed in the carrying out of any operations of which we were ordered."

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SCOTT'S CONFESSION NOT HEARD TO-DAY

Vancouver Magistrate Decided Against Hearing It in Accused's Absence

SAID HE WAS READY TO ISSUE WARRANT

Vancouver, Nov. 9.—According to a decision handed down this forenoon in a police court by Magistrate Shaw, the confession by John T. Scott that he would be used as a crown witness against those he wished to implicate, if that be so, it is clearly an instance of a departure from a rule that I do not think anybody ever doubted. In the language of the code the defendant would obtain through hope of favor and therefore it is inadmissible against himself.

"So, for all those reasons I decline in the exercise of my discretion to proceed with the case in the absence of the defendant.

"I will issue any warrant I am empowered to issue to have the defendant brought here, but, I will not proceed with the case to-day. It will simply have to stand adjourned until the defendant is arrested."

In reply to W. E. Burns, who appeared to prosecute, as to the admissibility of the confession and the decision that was to be rendered to-day, his worship said he had taken the point last Saturday that it was a question whether he could go on in the absence of the defendant or not.

Nothing to Be Gained.

"There is nothing to be gained," he said, "by going on in his absence. As I conceive, it would be my duty to allow the prosecution to put the confession in through Jos. Martin, K. C., who was to appear for Scott but who then repudiated any connection with the case, stating at the same time that he was there on Scott's instructions to see that he got protection in the event of his being a crown witness against some of the higher-ups.

The case had been allowed to stand adjourned from last Saturday to enable the magistrate to take into consideration the question whether he would allow the prosecution to put the confession in through Jos. Martin, K. C., who was to appear for Scott but who then repudiated any connection with the case, stating at the same time that he was there on Scott's instructions to see that he got protection in the event of his being a crown witness against some of the higher-ups.

W. E. Burns, who appeared to prosecute, attempted to show on Saturday that the court had the power under the section of the act under which the case was proposed to be tried to hear the confession as submitted from the witness stand by Mr. Martin. Later in the argument the magistrate stated that the matter was of too serious a character to be treated lightly, and he therefore adjourned the case until to-day, when he gave his decision against hearing the confession, or in fact against hearing the case at all until the apprehension of Scott and his appearance in the court.

His Reasons.

"I adjourned this case last Saturday," said his worship, "in order to determine just what my duty was and what discretion I had in the matter—whether I was forced to go on or whether I should exercise that discretion. I have come to the conclusion that I have the right to exercise my discretion and perhaps I had better shortly give my reasons for declining to hear the case at the present time."

"In the first place," he continued, "it does seem to be rather something of a farce, my solemnly sitting here and eventually deciding, we will suppose, if the accused should be convicted, that imprisonment would properly be part of the sentence—I say it does seem to be rather farcical to sit here and solemnly take evidence and order a man to be committed to prison knowing full well the whole time that I have absolutely no power to send him to jail. He is not here and I say it would be a farce."

"The sentence would be executed if the man were apprehended," said Mr. Burns.

"I am not going to allow myself or the court to take a position that is ridiculous or unfair," said Magistrate Shaw in reply.

"I have not tried to place you in an unfair position," said Mr. Burns.

"I am not making any accusation against you," was the magistrate's answer to this. "I am not insinuating that anybody is guilty of anything even Scott. Until the time comes when I am charged before me, but I must positively decline to proceed in that case, or to whatever warrant I have the power to issue."

PLANS AT DUNCAN FOR VICTORIA EXCURSION

Duncan, Nov. 9.—Between 85 and 90 men from Victoria are expected in Duncan on Thursday next from 12:30 to 4:30, at the invitation of the Board of Trade. Luncheon will be arranged at the Quamichan hotel. Messrs. Silence, W. Paterson, O. T. Smith and J. I. Mutter are a committee to collect Cowichan exhibit of local products for the visitors.

The visitors then will go to inspect Island points farther north. On Friday evening they will stop off on their return trip for dinner.

"Lastly, this confession seems to be inadmissible, even against Scott

Not Be Allowed.

This information, for what it is worth, is in the hands of several persons now. It would not be evidence against the men implicated even if I allowed it and I can not conceive of anything more unjust than to allow a man's name to be mentioned, whether he is innocent or guilty, without giving him some opportunity of defending himself. It is a practice that I do not propose to allow.

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JEWISH RELIEF FUND IMPLORES SUPPORT

"Tag Day" To-morrow is to Help Starved and Homeless War Sufferers of Poland

To-morrow the Victoria Russian-Poland Jewish Relief Society will ask the people of Victoria to subscribe to the cause in behalf of which they are holding a "Tag Day."

The position of sufferers in the eastern war zone is still very serious, and coming winter will add to existing distress. Sincerely trust you will continue your support; deeply appreciate all you have done and are doing."

This is the text of a cablegram received from the Jewish Relief headquarters at Montreal. Canada has already contributed \$10,000 to this fund. Victoria has given \$2,500 of this amount. The United States has been liberal in a gift of \$6,000,000, a sum which under normal conditions would be regarded as very big. When it's considered, however, that it amounts to no more than a dollar for each Jew residing within the war zone, it will be seen that the contribution is, measured by the extent of the calamity, absolutely inadequate to relieve the misery.

Regarding the condition of our poor and unfortunate co-religionists in the war zone, I might tell you that from information recently received conditions are most appalling and critical; apart from the scarcity of food supplies—which is bad enough—the most serious condition is the want of wearing apparel and footwear, which are almost unobtainable," writes Isaac Friedman, one of the vice-presidents of the Canadian Jewish committee at Montreal.

"One other bad feature—that has lately presented itself in the war zone is owing to the extremely bad accommodation for the sufferers, parents are forsaking their children, thus placing the responsibility and charge on the shoulders of the already heavily burdened committees. In order to avoid a recurrence of last winter's sad page of history every effort must be made to succor these suffering people who are now crying for help. The northern countries in Europe experience a winter similar to what we have in eastern Canada, and we therefore know what the blast of the winter winds means. If we could only realize how much more suffering a human being passes through having been deprived of his home, his comforts, and his food, we would realize conditions. It therefore behoves everyone of us to render these poor unfortunate sufferers such assistance as lies within our power."

Before the war broke out there were about seven million Jews in Russian Poland, living peacefully, following their various trades and vocations. About 600,000 Jewish men of military age joined the Russian colors on the outbreak of the war, leaving behind them their wives, mothers and children. Poland became a big battlefield early in the war. The civilian population was immediately sent back of the line. At the beginning the Russians were successful, notwithstanding the attack of the central powers and invading Austria, but the tide of the battle soon turned and again the Germans turned their howitzers on Poland and brought destruction and devastation on the entire country. Cities fell into the Teutonic hands. The retreating army first set fire to them, however, and so the entire Russian Poland was left a ruin. Winter coming on left the civilian population without homes or shelter. The Jewish population, not allowed outside the pale, were compelled to live in the woods. Children ate bark of trees for want of food. Mothers with babes in their arms died for lack of food and shelter. Officers reported that the woods were literally strewn with the dead bodies of women and children who died for want of nourishment and clothing. Still nothing could be done for their relief.

The Russian government, engaged in the affairs of war, cannot take the matter up. The Germans, themselves without an over-superfluous of provisions, do not feel like feeding Russian subjects. Last winter it is estimated there

were at least 100,000 deaths directly due to starvation and privation.

There are as many Jewish men fighting for the allies as the combined armies of Roumania and Belgium. Altogether there are 810,000 Jewish soldiers fighting for the allies: 500,000 in Russia, 40,000 in England, 70,000 in Roumania, 60,000 in France, 50,000 in Italy, 20,000 each in Belgium and Serbia, and 10,000 in Montenegro. They have fought gallantly, and have won distinction and promotion on the field. And their families are wandering homeless and shivering and starved through a desolate war-scarred land. It is a picture which should move every human heart to generosity.

The money which is to be collected to-morrow in Victoria will be sent to the Jewish Relief committee in Montreal, thence to Baron Rothschild and Lord Swatling, the administrators of the fund in England. They in turn will forward the collection to the Rothschild Bank, Petrograd. There a Jewish committee is looking after the administration of the fund and the distribution of food, clothing and help to the sufferers is administered from that central point.

Bantams Parading

Lieut.-Col. Bruce Powley has very kindly offered his Bantams' band, which will parade through some of the downtown streets to-morrow afternoon at 3 o'clock.

A list of the various district collecting headquarters will be found in Wednesday's Times. "Peter," Mrs. Duce's champion canine tagger, will tag on Friday in front of David Spencers, corner of View and Broad streets, for the benefit of the Russian-Poland Jewish Relief Society.

USE OF BALLROOMS FOR GATHERINGS

City Officials Insist on Same Law Applying as to Theatres

"All sittings in such buildings as are referred to in the next preceding section (that dealing with public places of resort) shall be firmly secured to the floor, and there shall be allowed for each person a sitting space of 18 inches in width, and there shall be an allowance of one inch on each side of such sitting space. There shall not be more than 12 sittings in one row in a block, and where there are more than six sittings in any row, there shall be an aisle on each side of such row."

This is the section of the building by-law of 1912 which has suddenly caused considerable trouble in certain circles, because the city officials decline to discriminate between ordinary club floors of public halls, schools, etc., and the handsome ballrooms of the Empress hotel and Alexandra club. The intimation which has been sent to the latter places has caused something of a flutter, and not unnaturally. The manager of the Empress hotel, it was stated to-day, will have a letter in on the matter to the next meeting of the council, while the fire chief intends to put it up to the council whether the law is to be enforced or amended.

Apparently it was not contemplated that ballrooms where prominent citizens spend their evenings would be used for meetings and thereby come within the definition of the measure. Both premises named are the centres for musical and social functions at which the audience is seated, in just the same way as at a theatre, the chairs being easily arranged, or removed when the floor is needed for dances.

As reported in another column the school trustees refuse to damage the floors of some of the fine auditoriums of the newer schools by spilling down the chairs, but are willing to have them joined together in dx or twelves.

"Why did you pick out that fellow to marry, girl? Nobody can see anything in him." I discovered that the man quotes always bite him when we are out together. I consider him a handy man to have around."—KANSAS CITY JOURNAL.

Hudson's Bay "Imperial" Lager Beer, 20¢, \$1.00 per dozen.

MORE LOCAL NAMES IN CASUALTY LIST

Pte. Samuel Minnis, of 102nd Battalion, Killed in Action

A telegram received by Mrs. Minnis, of 123 Oak Bay avenue, conveys the news that her husband, Pte. Samuel Minnis, a member of the 102nd Battalion, was killed in action on October 21.

Pte. Minnis was born in Liverpool, England. For many years prior to coming to this country he was manager of the Galvanizing Works of the Bowesfield Steel Company, Stockton-on-Tees. He had been in Prince Rupert for about two years prior to enlisting with Lieut.-Col. Warden's battalion, which left Comox for the Old Country in the early part of the summer. He was a member of No. 2 company. A son, Pte. Gerald Minnis, formerly of the Colonist circulation department, went away with the detachment of Gordon Highlanders which afterwards joined to the 16th Battalion.

Mrs. S. Patterson of 564 Hillside avenue, yesterday received a telegram reporting that her son, Pte. Henry Maxwell Patterson, had been wounded on October 11. Pte. Patterson, who is 30 years of age, is a native son and previous to enlisting was employed as a boom man, having worked for some time at Sayward's mill. He joined the 88th Battalion a year ago and left with that unit, transferring to another battalion after reaching England. He had been in the trenches about a month when he was wounded. Pte. Patterson has a brother, Pte. W. J. Patterson, with the 67th, and another brother, R. J., who is employed in the Pemberton building. He has two sisters in Seattle.

Sidney Aaser, of Newport avenue, Oak Bay, has received cable from his brother, Captain Aaser, who left here with the 30th Battalion, saying that he has had his leg amputated and is progressing satisfactorily. About two weeks ago a cable was received to the effect that he was dangerously wounded. No details are given, neither is it known just where he is, although it is thought he is in France.

AUTO ASSOCIATION

W. A. McAdam Elected Vice-President for Cowichan District.

At the regular meeting of the Victoria Automobile Association held in the Empress hotel last night, Alderman A. E. Todd presiding, W. A. McAdam, secretary of the Duncan Board of Trade, was elected vice-president of the club representing Cowichan district, and the following were added to the board of governors: Dr. Tomalin and Messrs. W. D. Hanbury, G. D. Christie, Holman and Caplan.

Steps were taken to further the Canadian highway project, and letters were read from a number of people at Ottawa and in other parts of the country endorsing the scheme.

There is a most curious account of a community of Abyssinian Christian monks in Curzon's "Monasteries in the Levant." The writer came across them in 1852, during his wandering in search of manuscripts in the Desert of Nitraria. "These holy brethren," he wrote, "were as black as crows; tall, thin, ascetic-looking men, of a most original aspect and costume. They seemed to be men who fasted much and feasted little; great observers were they of vigils, of penances, of pilgrimages and midnight masses; eaters of bitter herbs for conscience' sake." The evidence of language and tradition certainly points to a Semitic origin. The Abyssinian monks have to wrestle with an alphabet containing 208 letters, and, as they had no cursive writing, each letter is written distinctly and separately, like the letters of a European printed book."—London Chronicle.

Mr. John Hodges, M. P., says the workers have to thank the Kaiser for bringing them closer together. It must be gratifying to the Kaiser to get thanks for anything he has done.

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The district surrounding the station has also suffered severely. The fine stone buildings, richly carved, are in ruins, and the destruction accomplished by bombs was completed by fire. The monumental post office is in ruins, the Boulevard Emperor Frederic is unrecognizable, and the Bavarian barracks has been utterly destroyed. The colossal statue of the Emperor William the First, victor of Sadowa, on the Esplanade, has been smashed to fragments.

According to the Dutch newspaper, News of Maastricht, Sergt.-Major Baron, when he flew over Mannheim on the night of September 22, did enormous damage. Some of his bombs fell on one of the principal hangars sheltering a zeppelin of 130 metres in length with eight motors, which was totally destroyed, together with a great quantity of spare parts in aluminium. There was nothing left of the zeppelin but the torn and wrecked framework.

In addition the huge gasometer was blown up. The railway between Mannheim and Niederrhein was greatly damaged, and the rails and level crossings over a great distance destroyed. This attack took place at a moment when all work had ceased, but in the aerodrome itself and the vicinity 26 men were killed and 45 injured.

As in the case of Krupp's works,

VICTORIA AVIATOR WAS IN AIR RAID

Lieut. Beasley Among Those Who Dropped Bombs in Mauser Works

Flight-Lieut. Percy Beasley, of this city, took part in the big aircraft raid by a Franco-British squadron of forty aeroplanes over the Mauser works at Oberndorf, in Wurttemberg, Germany, on October 18. In reporting the event, it will be recalled, the French war office stated that projectiles with a total weight of 4,340 kilograms, or between two and three tons, were dropped and seen to hit the mark. Six German aeroplanes which rose to defend the factories were shot down in actions that took place while three of the allies' machines failed to return.

In a letter to a friend in this city, Lieut. Beasley said: "We were over the enemy's country for more than two hours and had to land in the dark on our return. Altogether we were over four and a half hours. Collishaw, a Victoria aviator, had hard luck with his motor when above the Rhine, but by a hard effort he managed to make the aerodrome and land safely. Butterworth, of Vancouver, was forced to land in Germany and is now a prisoner. We also lost two other machines. The shell fire was very severe and at times you could see nothing but a ring of puffs about us. The enemy used high explosives shells and there were as many as eight guns fired at us at once."

The squadron with which Lieut. Beasley is connected is stationed in the east of France from which a number



FLIGHT-LIEUT. BEASLEY

lines of 120 metres with eight motors and one of 90 metres with six motors.

REVISION DATE SET FOR VOTERS' LIST

Larger Number of Names on City Roll for 1917; Business To-morrow

The civic court of revision on the voters' lists will be held next month, the date set being December 11. The mayor and two aldermen, to be appointed by council, form the court. Inquiries to-day show that the roll on this occasion will be larger than at any time previous. The current list has 8,641 names, as against 8,818 last year, and 8,759 in 1914. In spite of the decline in the household and license-roll list, the loss will be more than compensated by the increase in the freeholders. It is estimated that the total this year will exceed 9,000 names.

To-morrow the aldermen will be busy both in the afternoon and evening. The business for the streets committee in the afternoon will consist of a number of routine matters, and a contract will be awarded for the stores building at Garibaldi road, for which there have been received eleven tenders.

In the evening two important meetings are set. The Denman street owners have been invited to meet the aldermen with regard to reaching an arrangement with reference to this difficult matter. The city promoted a private bill at the last session to redress the admitted grievance of the owners, but owing to a difference of opinion it was withdrawn. A suit has been started by one owner, so that compromise is desired.

The labor representatives have been promised a hearing with regard to organization of civic employees. To the same meeting has been referred the two letters already mentioned with regard to permission to recognize the firemen's association as an affiliated union of the Trades and Labor council. A week ago an official of the Canadian Federation of Labor wrote attacking the Trades council as an organization with American control, to which the latter body replied giving a précis of the objects of the American Federation of Labor to which the Dominion Trades and Labor congress is affiliated, and claiming absolute home rule in Canada. The question of internationalism in unionism is co-existent with organized labor on this continent, and has produced much heated argument.

RETURNS FROM ATLIN

James Lipscombe Tells of Increase in Tourist Travel; Interest in Mining.

James Lipscombe, who has been at Atlin acting as agent for the White Pass & Yukon Railway during the summer, has returned to Victoria for the winter. Mr. Lipscombe says that this year has seen a large increase in tourist travel of the best class to Atlin, among the visitors being many prominent business and professional men from big eastern centres.

Oberndorf, which was bombed during the raid of October 18, is a small town in the southwest corner of Wurttemberg, on the River Neckar, about 10 miles north of Rottweil, which has more than once been attacked by French aeroplanes. The works just bombed were founded in 1874 by the brothers Mauser, inventors of the rifle which bears their name. In normal times about 2,500 men were generally employed at these works.

The Mauser rifle is an improvement on the old needle gun used by the German army in the war of 1870-71. The nature of the results obtained by the British and French airmen on these incursions into enemy territory is shown by the damage inflicted on Metz. In a letter from that city received by L'Information it is stated that of the handsome railway station of Metz practically nothing is left standing. The rails and girders form a mass of twisted metal.

The district surrounding the station has also suffered severely. The fine stone buildings, richly carved, are in ruins, and the destruction accomplished by bombs was completed by fire. The monumental post office is in ruins, the Boulevard Emperor Frederic is unrecognizable, and the Bavarian barracks has been utterly destroyed. The colossal statue of the Emperor William the First, victor of Sadowa, on the Esplanade, has been smashed to fragments.

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As in the case of Krupp's works, which were bombed by two French pilots on the following day, Mannheim was closed to all traffic for three weeks. The same journal states that the principal zeppelin nests are situated on various points of the Rhine. At Mannheim there are two zeppelins, 80 metres long, with six motors, and one 130 metres long, with eight motors. At Cologne there are three zeppelins, 90 metres long and one 130 metres long. At Wiesbaden there are two zeppelins, at Dusseldorf three zeppelins and an aerodrome, at Aix-la-Chapelle three zeppelins.

SMART FALL SHOES

in lace and button hi-cut patterns.

Black Kid, \$5.00
to \$8.00

In solid colors of two-tone combinations, at \$6.50 to \$9.50



Two New Styles
for Men

Tan Calf Lace Boots, with Neolin Sole.
At \$5.00

Black Calf Lace Boots, with Leatherex Sole \$5.00

MUTRIE & SON

1203 Douglas Street

Phone 2504

BRITISH SAILORS' RELIEF FUND

GRAND CONCERT

in the

ROYAL VICTORIA THEATRE TO-NIGHT, Thursday, Nov. 9

Tickets are now on sale at Kent's, Gideon Hicks' Music Store, Williams' Drug Store, T. N. Hibben & Co., Fletcher Bros.' Music House, Macay Office Equipment Company Store, Terry's Drug Store, Dean & Hiscock's Drug Store, Cochrane's Drug Store, O'Connell's.

BOXES, \$1.00.

EVERYWHERE ELSE, 50c.

As Business Gets Better

WEEK AFTER WEEK, it behoves every man and woman who wants to get his or her full share of returning prosperity to be sure that no opportunities for profitable enterprise are overlooked. DON'T FORGET THE LITTLE THINGS which often lead to big ones. Many a man has passed by opportunities he thought too trivial for attention, while others by the expenditure of only a few cents on the same opportunities have started forces moving which resulted in thousands of dollars profit. Many a "Want Ad" in the Times, apparently insignificant, has resulted in successes far greater than we even dreamed of.

HERE ARE SOME OF THE THINGS A TIMES "WANT AD" can do for you:

RENT OFFICES
RENT STORES
RENT APARTMENTS
SELL BUSINES

Quality Always Counts

"Dixi" Ceylon Tea. Per lb. 35¢.	\$1.00
3 lbs. for	
"Auburn" Finest Creamery Butter.	85c
2 lbs. for	
Johnson's Fluid Beef	90c
Large bottles	
Pacific Milk, made in B. C.	3 for 25c
Small cans 5¢. Large cans	
Broken Shelled Walnuts.	35c
Per lb.	
Fine Recleaned Currants, British grown	20c
Per lb.	
Golden Loaf Flour, best for bread.	\$1.50
49-lb. sack	

DIXI ROSS'

"Quality Grocers," 1317 Government St.

Phone or
Mail Orders
Receive
Prompt
Attention

Phone
50
51
52
Liquor 85

AGREES TO ADOPT GRADE A AS STANDARD

Inter-Municipal Committee De-
termines Character of
Dairy Premises

Without a dissenting voice the inter-
municipal committee yesterday after-
noon agreed to accept the Grade A
standard of the Contagious Diseases of
Animals Act as the uniform basis for
all dairies to which licenses will be is-
sued for the distribution of milk in the
city and adjacent municipalities.

There was some discussion as to de-
tails, but the proposal commanded it-
self so well to the majority that little
difficulty was urged against the adop-
tion of the proposal. The by-law of
the various municipalities, including
the city by-law recently passed, will be
amended in harmony with the decision.

THE EXCHANGE

718 FORT ST.

FOR BOOKS
FOR INDIAN CURIOS.
Books and Magazines Exchanged.

MAYNARD & SONS

AUCTIONEERS

Instructed, we will sell at our Sales-
room, 726 VIEW STREET
TO-MORROW, 2 P.M.

HIGH-CLASS

FURNITURE AND FURNISHINGS

Of several houses, and including:

Almost new Edison Disc Phonograph and Records, with a Victor Attachment; Mahogany Record Cabinet, very fine Walnut Music Cabinet, handsome 3-piece Mahogany Parlor Suite; Mahogany Parlor Chairs and Rockers, very fine Fumed Oak Davenport, 2 good Oak Roll-top Desks, Jap. Carved Chair, Electric Heater, Electric Cooker, Fumed Oak Library Table, Leather Upholstered Arm Chairs and Rockers, Rattan and Grass Chairs and Rockers, Oak Gate Leg Table, Lady's Oak Secretaire, Oak Morris Chair, Oak Hall Stand, Oak Hall Seat, Double-barreled Shotgun, very fine Fumed Oak Dining Suite, consisting of Buffet, Extension Table and 6 Chairs; 2 Gramophones and Records, Fumed Oak Secretaries and Bookcase combined, large quarter cut Oak Extension Table, Fumed Oak Jardiniere Stands, very good Carpet Squares, Carpets and Rugs, very pretty White Enamel Bedroom Suite, of Bedstead, Dresser, Dressing Table, 3 Chairs, Spiral Spring and 2-piece Ostermoor Mattress; about 20 Single, three-quarter and full size Iron Bedsteads, Springs and Mattresses; Oak, Mahogany and other Dressers and Stands; lot of Blankets, Pillows, Toilet Ware, etc.; Pictures, Mirrors, Tables, Chairs, etc.; 3 Sewing Machines, Couches, Sanitary Couches, 5-piece Parlor Suite, Typewriter, Electric Fixtures, Kitchen Hoosier, 12 Kitchen Tables, Kitchen Chairs, Cooking Utensils, Washing Machine, 12 Cook Stoves and Ranges, 15 Heaters and Parlor Stoves, Gas Water Heater, Gas Range, Enamel Bath, Toilet, complete; Enamel Basin, Water Boiler, Garden Tools, Ladders, Hose, Lawn Mowers, etc.

Now on view.

Also in Stockyards at 11 o'clock.
Lot of Chickens, Ducks, Rabbits, Wheelbarrows, Step Ladders, Force Pump, Iron Gate, Side Saddle, etc.; also

30 h.p. 5-Passenger Overland Auto
In good running order and good tires.

MAYNARD & SONS
Auctioneers at 726 View Street only.
Phone 827R

WILL NOT INTERFERE WITH OAK BAY PUPILS

Status Quo Maintained in High
School Dispute for Bal-
ance of Term

The city school board last evening
approved of the action of Chairman
Jay in securing legal representation
at the recent lawsuit affecting right
of entry of Oak Bay children into the
city High School.

It was further decided that in view
of the approach of Christmas, no at-
tempt should be made this term to
disturb the status quo, allowing the
pupils to remain till the holidays.

Dr. Lewis Hall pointed out that the
act of the board might not prevent
the city council charging the Oak Bay
council for the education of the
children. The matter then dropped.

Trustee Deaville, as chairman of the
building and grounds committee, chal-
lenged the accuracy of the letter written
by Dr. M. Raynor with regard to the
Victoria West school grounds, which
appeared in the press recently. The
doctor had stated that in spite of
promises by the board, the school
children had neither a park nor a de-
cent playground. Already he said, on
the sports' ground, which was under
construction west of the school, 600
loads of gravel had been dumped and
grading had proceeded. Had not the
elements come to their assistance now,
a considerable sum would have to be
expended in order that the results
now achieved could have been ex-
ecuted. Some rolling of course would
be necessary.

With regard to the statement in Dr.
Raynor's letter that "It is surely a
sad reflection on our boasted civiliza-
tion when men will seek these offices
of public trust for the honor or
business prestige that it gives to be
known as school trustees, aldermen,
etc., and then shirk their responsibil-
ities after election," Trustee Deaville
said: "It is cheap insinuation and un-
fair innuendo. It is this very class
of carpings criticism" he added, "which
discourages suitable men from seek-
ing public office."

In deciding to have the estimates
prepared for December, Trustee Deaville
took umbrage at the insinuation
in the letter from the city council
that the board "was a civic depart-
ment." However, the board capitulated,
of course with the statutory provi-
sion that the new board will be in
position to reconsider them prior to
January 31 next.

A preliminary report on the heating
and ventilation of the schools was sub-
mitted by Dr. Wason, school health
officer, but discussion was withheld
till the report has been received in full
next month.

The Civic Retrenchment Association
wrote congratulating the board on re-
fusing "to be coerced by the superin-
tendent of education." In the question
of paying August salaries to new
teachers.

Professor Willis wrote thanking the
board for the illuminated address re-
cently forwarded on his resignation
from the principalship of the High
School.

Mr. Justice Gregory and Chief Davis
both wrote with reference to the ne-
glect of the civic by-law with regard to
seats in the assembly halls being
fastened to the floors, and with crowd-
ing of aisles. The judge referred to a
performance at the Girls' Central
School last week and a discussion he
had had on the point with Miss Wil-
liams. He had thought it best to draw
the attention of the board before any
accident happened.

The trustees seemed to think that the
by-law was adopted before the days of
modern schools, and that if the board
was to be compelled to fasten the
chairs down, the high-class ballrooms
in the city with hardwood floors would
have to do likewise.

Eventually it was resolved that the
chairs should be fastened together in
squares or twelves, but not attached to
the floors.

In connection with the much criti-
cized action of Dr. F. P. Westbrook,
president of the university, with regard
to the taking away of L. Richardson,
a member of the High school staff,
during the middle of the term to ap-
point him to an assistant professor-
ship at the university, the president
now wrote:

"In acknowledging your letter of Octo-
ber 5, which came during my absence
from the city, I wish to thank the
board of school trustees of Victoria for
releasing Mr. Richardson. I am very
sorry indeed if in releasing him there
is any feeling on the part of the board
that we have shown a lack of con-
sideration in asking for the release.

"I thought that in consulting with
Mr. Paul and Principal Smith before-
hand and explaining to them the situa-
tion that, notwithstanding our neces-
sities at that time, we wished to do
only those things which would be to
the mutual advantage of the Victoria
High school and the university, there
was no possibility of any misunder-
standing. Again I may say that I am
most sincerely sorry if we have done
anything that is in the slightest degree
open to question. I can assure you, as
I did in writing to Mr. Paul, of the
earnest desire of everybody connected
with the university to articulate at
every point with the educational sys-
tem of the province and to do every-
thing possible to encourage provincial
harmony, co-operation and efficiency.

"We should esteem it a pleasure and
a privilege to have a visit from your
board in order that we may have the
benefit of suggestions, and at the same
time show you something of what we
are attempting to do.

"Thanking you again for your re-
lease of Mr. Richardson, deplored any
inadequacy which may have given
cause for your feeling that we have
been inconsiderate, and trusting that
the university may develop and main-
tain the most cordial and co-operative
relations with your splendid High

school, in which the whole province
takes pride."

The board then granted permission
to the Board of Trade for the use of
the Girls' Central school on the occa-
sion of a lecture to be given under the
auspices of that organization by W. F.
Best on "The Water Powers of British
Columbia." The meeting will take
place some time this month.

Sup't of Education Robinson wrote
forwarding a series of facsimiles of
the Belgian treaty of neutrality of 1831,
with the suggestion that they might be
hung in the various rooms of the local
public schools. The matter was re-
ferred to Inspector Paul, who will ar-
range for having the cards framed.

WOULD TEACH AUTO REPAIRING WORK

School Board Asked to Help
Vocational Training for
Soldiers

In a thirty-minute talk, John Kyle,
director of technical instruction, re-
quested the school board last evening
for a grant for equipment for technical
work. He pointed out that throughout
the Dominion the technical instruc-
tion for returned and disabled soldiers
was being given considerable attention,
and he wanted a similar facility pro-
vided for the soldiers at the Esquimalt
Military Hospital. Unfortunately while
the hospital was located here, the only
adequate equipment in the province
was situated at Vancouver. While he
would not pretend it would render an
immediate service, yet in the near fu-
ture the material he wanted would be
of use generally to the board. In Van-
couver the equipment represented an
outlay of about \$25,000, the best in the
province unquestionably. East from
Calgary there were technical schools
in all the cities, facilities which did not
exist in this province, and which the
soldiers were using. He desired to
train automobile mechanics, for which
there was considerable demand.

Material progress had been made al-
ready, he said, in several respects, but
not in possession of a work shop. Over
the garage now used for gasoline in-
struction in this city, a suitable work
shop could be obtained on satisfactory
terms. The government would give a
substantial grant, he explained, if the
board met the application.

"No industrial question is complete
unless we take into consideration the
training of our children, for the de-
velopment which will follow after the
war," he argued. "Other centres have
these opportunities already, but people
brought up in British Columbia and Victoria
are handicapped by a lack of opportunity for technical
instruction, and we must suffer accordingly."

The lights being turned down, Mr.
Kyle had thrown on the screen a series of
pictures of pre-vocational schools in
Edinburgh, Vienna and Munich, to
show what could be done in the way of
preparing young people for various
trades and occupations. He pointed out
that owing to the lack of such facili-
ties here the city would place its
young people unprepared in competition
with these well trained men and
women in the future. It was unfor-
tunate, as he had understood by in-
quiry in various firms in Victoria, that
the apprenticeship system had failed
because many of the young men would
not stay at the trade. For instance, he
had learnt, that of plumbing apprentices
training here, not one out of 20 completed
his course. That was re-
grettable, and could only be corrected
by a radical change in the present unsat-
isfactory local conditions.

He therefore asked the board to as-
sist in the acquisition of equipment for
the work shop, purchasing machinery
which could afterwards be transferred
for the board's purposes elsewhere.

About \$250 was required from the city,
and with the government grant the
necessary preliminary outlay could be
made and the machinery purchased at
once. They might say to him: "Why
not go to the Dominion government?" To
that query he would reply that unless
something was done locally it could
scarcely be expected that a substantial
grant would be given from the Do-
minion Hospitals Commission.

Trustee Deaville—What is the atti-
tude of the labor unions? Are not
some of them inclined to be critical?

Mr. Kyle replied that they endorsed
industrial education.

The subject was then promised con-
sideration by the board, and Mr. Kyle
withdrew.

Late in the evening Mrs. Jenkins
asked what the board proposed to do
with the request.

Mr. Lewis Hall strongly favored in-
dustrial education, saying his position
had always been consistent, since he
supported the introduction of manual
training into the schools. He believed
the initiation of work shop work would
be greatly valued.

Mrs. Jenkins said the city never had
kept pace with other communities in
vocational training, as in other aspects
of education.

Trustee Hay referred to the regretable
influence of the decay of the ap-
prenticeship system. Unfortunately the
tendency of the present educational
method was to devote the pupils to
clerical rather than mechanical occu-
pations.

"The boys are not taught the dignity
of labor," remarked Mrs. Jenkins.

Trustee Dinsdale thought there
would be no difficulty in getting boys
to study automobile repairs, as it was
a very popular subject.

The motion to grant \$250 was voted.

"I shall never scold my husband again
for spending so much time at the club."
"Tell me about it." "Well, last night my
husband got into the house, and my hus-
band knocked him senseless with the
poker. I've heard several men speak of
him as a poker expert. He has evidently
been practicing at the club for just such
an emergency."

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We are showing a new line of Crepe de Chine Waists in
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